

IF YOU DON'T GET
YOUR PROGRESS
LET US KNOW

CLEARFIELD PROGRESS

THE WEATHER

Increasing cloudiness and
slightly warmer tonight, fol-
lowed by snow Wednesday.

VOLUME XVI

THE CLEARFIELD PROGRESS, CLEARFIELD, PA., TUESDAY EVENING, JANUARY 17, 1922.

NUMBER 13

MORE POLICE PROTECTION FOR CLEARFIELD OKEYED

GREAT POWERS HAVE PLEGGED OPEN DOOR IN CHINA TODAY

Declaration Is Said To
Be More Sweeping
Than Hague State-
ment; Session Secret.

NINE POWERS IN

Washington, D. C., Jan. 1.—The Powers in the Washington conference have pledged themselves to the "Open Door" in China. It was learned that the delegates of the nine powers in the secret association in the far east approved the resolution solemnly reaffirming the "Open Door" policy in China. This declaration is said to be the most sweeping ever given to the world to observe the "Open Door." The statement that it is broader than the Hague "Open Door" declaration came from one of the Chinese delegates. This delegate also stated that the Japanese twenty-one demands will be considered by the conference.

GERMANY APPROVES HOUGHTON OF N. Y. AS AMBASSADOR

Washington, D. C., Jan. 17.—Representative A. B. Houghton of New York will be nominated this week as Ambassador to Germany, it was officially stated at the White House today. The administration hopes to have him at his diplomatic post within a month.

Berlin, Germany, Jan. 17.—The German Government has announced its approval of the American Government's selection of Representative Houghton of New York as Ambassador to Berlin. The appointment of Congressman Houghton to be the first American representative in Berlin for several years was forecasted some time ago. The above Berlin dispatch probably means that the appointment will be announced shortly.

CHICAGO BANDITS GET \$4000 PAYROLL

Chicago, Ill., Jan. 1.—Two bank messengers were wounded today by four bandits who attacked the messengers and escaped with a \$4,000 payroll belonging to a packing company here.

Mrs. Catherine Osborn, of DuBois, was a Clearfield visitor yesterday.

Miss Rosena Hummel spent the week end in Tyrone.

WAGE CUT CONFERENCE IS ON IN NEW YORK AFFECTING TRAIN-SERVICE MEN

New York, N. Y., Jan. 17.—Conferences between eastern railways and their employees to discuss the question of a cut in wages are in progress today. About 700,000 workers are affected and the cut proposed is 10% for train service employees with other reductions in proportion to those doing similar work in other departments.

PRESIDENT OF BIG STEEL COMPANY PREDICTS A GREAT BUSINESS REVIVAL

Warren, Ohio, Jan. 17.—A great business revival during the next year or two was predicted today by Jonathan Warner, president of the Trumbull Steel Company. "There is now being laid a firm foundation for a great business revival, because we are getting back to the great fundamentals. Economy and thrift always precede a great business revival," Mr. Warner said. "The demand for steel products is gradually increasing and the output of the mills is becoming larger and larger each month."

LIQUOR PERMIT REGULATIONS WILL BE RADICALLY CHANGED TO PREVENT GRAFT

Washington, D. C., Jan. 17.—A plan has been decided upon by sweeping reorganization in all permit enforcement chiefs on account of the numerous cases of enforcement of Federal prohibition enforcement throughout the country will be made general charges that the present system was an encouragement to graft.

GROVE CITY CATTLE OCCUPY THE STAGE AT HARRISBURG

State College, Pa., Jan. 17.—The dairy cattle exhibit to be shown at the farm products show at Harrisburg next week, will represent the most conclusive evidence obtainable in the fact that the selection of the females is one of the most important phases in up to date dairy farming. The exhibit is being arranged by the dairy extension men at the Pennsylvania State College co-operating with the State Department of Agriculture with the exhibits supplied by the Grove City Community Development Association.

Every Pennsylvania dairyman will be interested in this exhibit. It will include representatives of the Holstein, Jersey and Guernsey breeds. It will show particularly the necessity for high class females in the improvement of dairy cattle as machines to produce milk.

Last year at the farm show the chief lesson of the educational dairy cattle exhibit was the importance of the sire in dairy herd improvement.

This year the other side of the story is covered in showing the importance of the dam. An outstanding feature will be the showing of results obtained through boys' and girls' dairy calf clubs, rural community organizations that are coming to be so vitally related to the dairy industry in this state.

The Grove City community has in the past few years shown as much development in dairying as has been shown anywhere in the entire country. Their organization embraces the Grove City Accredited Show and Sales Association, the Grove City Creamery and the Grove City Commercial Club.

They have members through Mercer Butler, Lawrence and Venango Counties, and dairying is their chief interest. Eighteen head of dairy cattle have been selected for the show, including a prominent dam of each of the three leading breeds with their offspring. The records will show the great value reaped by the owners through investment in this pure-bred stock as foundations for their herds.

UNIONTOWN HIGH SCHOOL GIRL LOSES LIFE IN COLLISION

Uniontown, Pa., Jan. 17.—Isabella McKittick, aged 16, a sophomore at a local high school, was instantly killed today when a Ford truck crashed into an in-bound Pennsylvania train. H. Gismozzi, aged 16 years old, driver of the truck, was seriously injured and taken to the hospital. The accident happened at a railroad crossing. A heavy fog prevented Gismozzi from seeing the train. The girl, who was on her way to school was instantly killed when the truck struck the second coach of the train.

L. V. Caldwell, of Lumber City, was in Clearfield today on business.

ROBBER OF BOSTON STORE ON DEC. 17 WAS A LOCAL MAN

On December 17th last the Boston store at Curwensville was robbed, the thieves gaining entrance to the building during the heavy storm which prevailed that night. About \$500 worth of goods, furnishings and clothing were taken.

Chief of Police Clark went to work on the case and traced the robbery to Clearfield. Enlisting the aid of Chief Hitt a careful search was made here during the past two weeks and finally resulted in getting a line on some of the stuff taken.

The trial led to the Fourth Ward where it was found that a colored man named Bill Davis, alias Bill Blue, had been disposing of silk shirts, fancy neckties and gloves, ten dollar shoes and other haberdashery at real bargain prices. The first batch of stuff was located on Friday last and every day since a little more of the loot was unearthed by Messrs. Clark, Hitt and Deputy Sheriff Hunt.

Davis was tipped off and succeeded in making his get away. Chief Clark came to town again after supper last evening and accompanied by Chief Hitt trailed Davis to Philipsburg and learned there that a colored man answering the description of the man they were after had boarded the train for Tyrone at Retort. Clark continued the chase to Tyrone and Chief Hitt returned on the 11:20 train from Philipsburg. When he arrived here Officer Giles, of Tyrone, notified him by telephone that he had picked up Davis and would hold him until Chief Clark arrived.

The warrant for Davis' arrest was sent to Tyrone on this morning's train and Davis was landed in jail here this afternoon.

The goods stolen amounted to about \$500 in value, but only a small portion of same has been recovered up to this time. A majority of this loot was recovered at a boarding house in Wrigley Addition, where Davis had been boarding while the remainder was secured from acquaintances to whom he had disposed of the stuff.

BOOZE CUTS SHORT PROMISING CAREER OF YOUNG OFFICER

New York, N. Y., Jan. 17.—The promising career of a young patrolman, who, crazed with bad liquor, went down by a bullet by a brother officer after a thrilling roof-top chase shortly before midnight after he had terrorized the inhabitants living in the vicinity of 100th Street and Columbia Avenue. The dead policeman is Frank J. Bolger, aged 24, father of a seven months old baby. He was dropped by a bullet from the gun of Patrolman James J. O'Connell, twice honor man, who fired at Bolger to save the lives of persons threatened by the drunken officer.

LAD COASTING DOWN ALLEY RUNS INTO MOVING AUTOMOBILE

William, the little 5 year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Vokes, of Fourth street, East End, had a very narrow escape from serious injury last evening when he coasted down the alley between Fourth and Fifth street onto Daisy street, and ran into L. L. Graham's automobile. The accident occurred about 5:45 p. m. Mr. Graham was driving down Daisy street and did not see the little fellow until he dashed out of the alley and right into his machine. The lad was tumbled about but fortunately escaped with slight bruises.

EXPLODING OIL STOVE BURNS THREE BADLY

Pittsburgh, Pa., Jan. 17.—Three persons were burned, one probably fatally, when an oil stove exploded today on a houseboat belonging to the Diamond Coal & Coke Company on the Monongahela River.

Miss Martha Nichols is ill at her home in Paradise.

LUCKY WOMAN PUTS BURGLAR TO ROUT WITH REVOLVER

Mrs. E. W. Hess Fires
3 Shots At Burglar
Whom She Heard Trying
To Open Stair Door.

BEATS A RETREAT

Quite a bit of excitement was created on East Locust street about 5 o'clock this morning when a burglar was discovered in the home of Mrs. E. W. Hess, and Mrs. Hess, who heard the prowler enter the house through a kitchen window fired three shots from a revolver at him or in his general direction and caused him to beat a hasty retreat through a parlor window.

The shots alarmed the neighborhood and soon an excited crowd of neighbors gathered at the scene. Chief Hitt and Night Watchman Eppers were summoned and were quickly on the scene and made an investigation of the premises. They found where the robber had pried open the kitchen window and also where he had raised the parlor window and jumped out.

Mr. Hess is out of town on business and there was nobody at home but Mrs. Hess, her mother and sister. When she heard the intruder Mrs. Hess arose and securing her husband's revolver went to the head of the stairs ending from the living room and hearing the robber attempting to open the door, she switched on the electric light and fired three shots down the stairway. The reception was enough to warn for the robber, who rushed across the room to the window and had already raised for just such an emergency and made good his escape. He secured no booty.

Musical Club Gave Fine Interpretation Here Last Evening

Mr. Oscar W. Schaefer is to be congratulated on the splendid orchestra that played under his direction before the Musical Club last evening. The program of Russian music, with Tchaikovsky predominating, was one that afforded real pleasure to the club members and their guests.

The difficulty of the numbers played and the finish of the performance indicated long hard work and excellent musical ability. It was an extraordinary pleasure in Clearfield to hear real symphony music, to follow the theme as it was taken up by the different instruments, and to hear the incomparable sound of many bows drawn over the strings in unison.

The solo numbers of the program were in the same high class as the orchestra. Mr. William Hoover with his violin showed himself to be the artist that he is, playing with a beautiful tone and adequate technique. Mrs. Della Gallaher sang exquisite and well-chosen songs with artistic finish and emotional interpretation. Mr. Victor Meredith's precision and intelligence in singing, together with the rich tone quality of his voice and his pleasant, easy manner brought him much applause. The audience was only sorry that there were no encores.

Last, but not least, we mention the quartet, composed of Mrs. Gallaher, Mrs. S. J. Waterworth, Mr. Meredith and Mr. Albert Kennard. They sang Tchaikovsky's Legende, with excellent accompaniment. Their voices blended unusually well.

With so fine a program as this produced by Clearfield, look for an even better one at the concert Wednesday evening.

HENRY GULICH DIES

Henry Gulich, member of one of Clearfield County's best known pioneer families, passed away at his home in Lawrence township, Monday, January 16th, 1922, at 1 p. m. after a short illness as the result of an attack of pneumonia, aged 83 years.

COL. KUHN'S MODUS OPERANDI UNDER FIRE OF CRITICISM

The lot of a public servant, be the capacity in which he serves what it may, is seldom a happy one and no matter how he performs his duties, some there are who are bound to find fault. Here we have a Curwensville dog owner who announces himself as being very much displeased at the manner in which "Colonel" Max Kuhn is dispatching contraband canines in our neighboring town.

The "Colonel" is a zealous public servant when possessed of the proper authority and as he finds criticism as water rolls off a duck's back we give herewith the Curwensville man's howl. Here it is:

Several days ago your Paper had an item in regards to Colonel Kuhn, a dead-shot from your city. Now, the people of Curwensville would be very glad to have dogs running at large killed, and not half killed by a "nut" from Clearfield. Children are more liable to be shot than dogs, as the Colonel uses poor judgement shooting at dogs in front of the school house, when school children are leaving the school, also several dogs were wounded by Kuhn and are still running at large. The people of Curwensville are complaining about Colonel and his body guard, and if a little more judgement isn't used Mr. Kuhn alias "Colonel" will look like a Turkey Buzzard leaving town straddle of a rail.

DOG OWNER

ARBUCKLE BREAKS SILENCE: FEARS HE HAS LOST THE KIDS

San Francisco, Cal., Jan. 17.—"It is not prison I am afraid of, it is the loss of regard, the loss of affection, the fact that the 'kids' may think I am guilty that makes me so anxious to be freed of the charge for which I am being tried," Roscoe (Patty) Arbuckle made this statement today. Smoking a cigarette in the corridor outside the court room he talked for the first time since his arrival.

While he talked Minta Durfee, his wife, stood patiently by waiting for him. "I am innocent of taking the life of that girl," Arbuckle said, "all I want is a square deal. All I want for the public to with-hold judgment until the jury has decided whether or not I am guilty. I have suffered the tortures of Hell since I have been arrested. The thought that some people might think that I was guilty of the murder of that poor girl has been torment. All of the testimony of the witnesses at my former trial was purposely twisted to injure me."

SUITS ENTERED

Fred C. Todd, by his attorneys Miller & Artswick, entered suit in Prothonotary Ralston's office against the Clearfield & Cambria Coal Company of Clearfield for \$508.50 for a car of coal which he alleges he purchased from the company, which then sold and delivered the coal to another purchaser.

Pentz & Pentz also entered suit in behalf of the American Grocers Society of Pittsburgh and against John Fitzpatrick, of DuBois, in an effort to recover \$200 alleged to be due from the defendant for a bill of goods purchased.

HARD COAL MINERS WILL ASK TWENTY PER CENT INCREASE

Shamokin, Pa., Jan. 17.—The Tri-District Convention of the Anthracite miners workers of the United Mine Workers of America, with its chief object the drafting of a new wage scale to be presented to the operators, got under way here this morning. The present wage agreement expires March 31st. Union leaders have under consideration several issues which it is proposed to embody in the list of demands. These include a wage increase of not less than 20% with a five dollar a day minimum.

COUNCIL ADDS ANOTHER PATROLMAN BUT CUTS SALARIES OF POLICE, TEAMSTERS AND LABORERS; HITT RE-ELECTED CHIEF

Roy J. McMullen and
Grover Hubler Added
To Force; Standing
Committees Named.

ALL DADS PRESENT

The new council's first business meeting which was held at the borough building last evening proved to be a very strenuous session and lasted well along into the night. The entire representation of twelve members and Burgess Kettelberger were present and considerable business was disposed of.

Standing Committees Appointed

President Rosser announced the appointment of the following standing committees: Highways, F. S. Gilliland, C. I. McFarland, Geo. M. Rosser. Public Property, F. M. Ellis. Dean H. Bloom, O. E. Poorman. Sewers, Ira Jay H. H. Rollin, F. R. Adams. Finance, Ashley J. Guilch, J. S. Beahan, John S. Chapman. Police, J. S. Beahan, C. I. McFarland, H. H. Rollin.

The bond of the Clearfield Trust Company, recently named as Treasurer, in the sum of \$30,000, was presented and approved by Council.

Borough Solicitor Urey reported on the hospital relief fund and stated that a petition was being circulated among Lawrence township property owners for right of way and agreement to pay their share of cost of construction of same.

Report of Board of Health

Secretary Gaulin presented the annual report of the Board of Health showing its activities during the past year. In order to give some idea of the work done by this efficient body we give herewith a few of the items contained in the report:

During the year our records show 762 cases of communicable diseases under quarantine, viz: measles, 150; Mumps, 252; Whooping Cough, 27; Chicken Pox 117; Scarlet Fever, 45; Typhoid Fever, 9; Diphtheria, 62.

Deaths from Diphtheria, 2; Measles, 1; Typhoid Fever, 1; Whooping Cough, 1; Tuberculosis, 6; Had a few scattered cases of influenza, no epidemic.

Number of nuisances abated, 18. Had out 25 fly traps and caught about 114 quarts of flies.

Number of outside toilets removed and sanitary toilets installed, 8.

In the sanitary inspection made last summer and fall took the census of livestock and poultry.

Horses and mules, 162; Cows, 75; Chickens, 19431.

1st Ward, horses and mules 23; cows, 2; chickens, 1617.

2nd Ward, horses and mules, 66; cows, 35; chickens, 5651.

3rd Ward horses and mules, 55; cows, 33; chickens, 7143.

4th Ward, horses and mules, 18; cows, 5; chickens, 5020.

The amount of last year's budget was \$1884, of this sum \$1647.53 was expended. The expenditures were made up of the following items:

Tacks	\$1.32
P. O. Box	\$3.00
Itiner	\$16.00
Postage	\$4.00
Telephone	\$20.25
Printing and Stationery	\$75.40
Fly Trap Repairs	\$14.35
Purifying Material	\$322.91
Salary Secretary H. O. Drugs	\$1000.00
Doctor's Fees	75
Milk Inspection	\$18.00
Diphtheria Culture	\$62.55
	\$1647.53

The Board of Health asked for \$1980 for 1922 and the appropriation of that amount was authorized.

Petitions Are Heard

A petition asking for a sanitary sewer on Linden street was presented and read and then referred to the Sewer Committee. Petition for a street light at South Second street and Latimer Lane was referred to the Property Committee.

Lewis G. Warren, of Warren Bros. of Boston road builders, talked to council on the matter of resurfacing Market and Second streets. He said his concern would agree to resurface these streets, with a two inch Warrenite surface which they would guarantee for five years and would last fifteen, for approximately \$3,325 per block.

Wage Cut For Police

The Police Committee recommended that a cut of \$15 per month be made in the salaries of the police and the recommendation was adopted by a vote of 9 to 3. The salaries of the police will now be \$125 for the chief and \$110 for patrolmen.

The Highway Committee recommended that the hourly rate for street work be reduced to 30 cents and the salary of the teamster reduced from \$100, to \$90 per month. This recommendation was adopted by a vote of 11 to 1.

The election of policemen, which was part of the business of the organization meeting deferred to this time was then taken up. The following applicants were on the list: P. A. Hitt, John Eadie, John E. Herdman, Roy J. McMullen, J. H. Sutton, C. I. McFarland, J. S. Beahan, J. P. Smith, J. H. H. Rollin, F. R. Adams, J. S. Beahan, John S. Chapman, J. S. Beahan, C. I. McFarland, H. H. Rollin.

Three ballots were taken for a Chief. The first ballot resulted in Hitt, 6; McMullen, 6; Burgess Kettelberger, 6. The second ballot resulted in Hitt, 6; McMullen, 6; Burgess Kettelberger, 6. The third ballot resulted in Hitt, 6; McMullen, 6; Burgess Kettelberger, 6.

Three ballots were also required before J. J. McMullen was named as patrolman. The first ballot resulted in Hitt, 6; McMullen, 6; Burgess Kettelberger, 6. The second ballot resulted in Hitt, 6; McMullen, 6; Burgess Kettelberger, 6. The third ballot resulted in Hitt, 6; McMullen, 6; Burgess Kettelberger, 6.

The Police Committee then recommended the election of a third policeman, with the idea of having one policeman on all day and one all night, with two men at work half the day and half the night. After considerable discussion the recommendation was adopted.

Three ballots were again required before the third man was named, Grover Hubler, of Third Ward, finally winning out.

There were five applicants for Borough Teamster, as follows: Sanford McNeal, Arthur J. Fulton, W. V. Ogden, Howard Showaker, and W. H. McNeelin. Two ballots were taken and resulted in the election of Sanford McNeal.

T. J. Murphy made application for permission to cross Bridge street with a side track into his feed mill in the rear of the Leonard House and the matter was referred to the Highway Department for investigation and report.

Mrs. John C. Arnold missed her footing at her home on South Second street last evening and fell down a flight of stairs into the cellar. She hurt one of her ankles very badly and Dr. Gordon had her taken to the Clearfield Hospital for an X-ray picture to determine the extent of her injury, as it was feared the ankle had been broken. The X-ray showed the injury to be a very severe sprain.

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DIES AT AGE OF 103
Greensburg, Pa., Jan. 17.—Mrs. Lydia W. Wyneberger is dead here today at the age of 103 years. She was known as the oldest person in Westmoreland County.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilfred Cassidy of 2103 Sixth Avenue, Altoona, announce the marriage of their daughter Grace to Mr. John Housum of 2017 Seventh Avenue, Altoona.

Emory Gearhart spent Sunday at Crystal Springs.

How One Half of the World Is Living--and Dying!

THROUGH THE VALLEY OF THE SHADOW OF DEATH

A Journey among fifteen million people in the Volga Valley of Russia whom famine is destroying

By ANNA J. HAINES

Quaker Representative in Russia

I COULD hear the children crying two blocks away as I approached one of the houses for abandoned children in Samara, the central city of the famine area of Russia. A steady wail that kept up like a moan grew louder as we got nearer. The nurses could do nothing except to go around every morning and separate the babies that were going to die that day; and they went around at different times later and felt them to see if they were cold. In the evening those who had died during the day were gathered and placed in heaps outside the building. A garbage cart stopped each night and the babies' bodies were loaded in. The garbage cart stopped in the same way before all of the Children's Institutes in Samara and the other cities in the Volga region.

Children's homes which are emptied of dead babies only to be refilled by the constant flow of abandoned children from the country; men and women and young children falling dead in the streets from hunger; farm machinery, which in Russia is more precious than human life at the present time, lying scrapped by the roadside and rusting to pieces, tells the story of the extent and horror of the famine which is destroying the lives of 15,000,000 people in the greatest grain belt of Russia.

Though most of us are now familiar with the outlines of the Russian famine story, it is still hard to understand the fact that the great Volga Valley, which has always been the granary of Russia, supplying not only its own population, but most of the rest of European Russia and other areas of the world with wheat and rye, is now bare of any grain. Over an area 800 miles long by 500 miles wide there, fell during April, May and June of this year—the critical growing months of the grain crop—less than 2.5 inches, the normal being 14 inches, of rain, and the temperature averaged 12.6 degrees Fahrenheit hotter than the average for the last seventeen years. While 938,000 tons of grain were needed by this area for its own consumption, but 69,000 were produced. Many of the peasants with whom I talked said that all the grain which their land produced could have been held in their double hands, and this meant rations for a whole family for a year.

It is impossible at the present time to state accurately the death statistics, but the population of the Volga grain area is approximately 20,000,000 and all of these are vitally affected by the lack of food. We do know, however, in the Children's Institutes, famine is already making itself felt in dreadful figures. In the institutions for children under three years of age there is a death rate of 90 per cent, and in the homes for older children, those from twelve to fifteen, there is a death rate of 75 per cent.

A mandate given me by the Commissar of Health, and a working knowledge of the Russian language, enabled me to go to the peasants myself without an interpreter and talk to them personally concerning the conditions under which they were living. I also had the privilege of speaking to the priests, who would be likely to give as opposite statistics from the Soviet figures as truth would allow, because these groups are usually the extreme poles of information in Russia. The members of the co-operative stores also gave valuable information as they have the best knowledge of the economic situation there today.

I started from Moscow for our trip down to Samara, the most heavily affected by the famine. It is situated on the Volga and is a city of about 300,000 inhabitants, now very much increased in population by the refugees who are constantly pouring in from the country regions. Passing on to Buzuluk, a town formerly containing 20,000 people, now reduced to 12,000 because of the flight of those who could reach Siberia, we traveled out through the country regions.

The steppe ordinarily has no trees; it is a level, slightly rolling plain, with village after village scattered about five or ten miles apart. This fall it looked as though a prairie fire had swept over it, and areas which were usually green or golden with harvest were burned almost black. What grass had grown was only a stunted growth on the surface of the ground. Every few rods as we went along we would scare away the carrion birds which were feasting on the dead horses and dogs that had died along the roadside. There was a continuous stream of refugees going our way, and we passed others going in the opposite direction. They did not much care which direction they were going—they were just going to search for food. Some were coming from Ural'sk. One family had passed across the country in June with two horses, small children and a baby, and such household utensils as they could carry. They had been traveling from their home to a place which they had been told contained food. When they reached there they found less food in that town than in their own home and they were now wandering along the way back, saying that they preferred to die at home rather than in a "foreign land." One horse had died; the other one they were using was nothing but a bag of bones. The older children were living upon the rinds of watermelons. Their heads were covered with sores and with flies, and the parents were too listless and tired to care for them.

We entered one of the villages along the wide street which makes up the largest part of a Russian village, with little houses, containing one or two rooms apiece, on either side and stopped that night at the home of what had been one of the richest peasants in the village. His large wooden house with three rooms was an evidence of his wealth. It was surrounded with barnyards and sheds for stock, all of which were now empty. One of the daughter in laws said that last year they had twelve horses and six cows. The cows had now all been sold or killed and the horses had all died but one. The girl showed us the kind of bread the ordinary Russian family is using and has been using for several months. It was made of grass and leaves and bark which had been ground into flour. There were twelve people in that family and every one went into the countryside for several miles to gather the grass, the leaves and the roots. When this had been ground together, the pulp of the hocks of horses was added to hold it together. That was all this family was living on except soup which was made of horse meat. Later in the evening as the family talked we learned that they understood that it was not possible for all of them to live until spring.

I talked with the Russian priest and asked if next March would not be the worst month for them. He answered, "No, I think not. This month (September) we will be eating the vegetables and the watermelons and the rinds. In October there will still be the grass and we can make the grass pancakes. In November when the snow comes and we no longer can get anything from the fields, we will still have our reserve of a few potatoes or a little bit of grass flour. In December people will begin to die and by the first of the year every bit of the reserve will be gone. In March there will be no one alive in this village."

It was interesting to have him corroborate the figures which we had secured from other sources. He said that there were 700 people in his village from whom in the past he had received enough

grain as a stipend to enable him to support his family over the year. The grain he had received this year had amounted to fourteen pounds of wheat, which he knew was all they could afford to give. He had been able to keep his own family alive by raising a scanty crop of potatoes—about one-twentieth of the usual yield.

We met the wife of the co-operative agent quietly sitting in her home. She took me in to see the baby which had come to them since a time of a former visit to that village two or three years back. Seeing my camera she asked me if I would take a picture of the baby. She said it was just possible she and her husband might walk away from the village for the winter and might live but she knew the baby could not, and she would like to have a picture to remember it by. The agent told us for the past six months his shelves had been absolutely bare, as the peasants had no food to bring in for exchange to be sent up to the cities, and the cities had not sent any supplies; so life with them had been at a standstill.

In the evening a man came to us to inquire if by any means we could give food. He had always been one of the poorest in the village, and now his wife and five little children were helpless. He had found that his food supply was finally gone, and the children were out picking up watermelon rinds. That day he had gone out to the cemetery and dug his own grave; for he felt that possibly the neighbors would be able to put him in it when he died within the next few days. We had no food with us and no one in that village had any food to give him, so it is practically certain that he, and possibly his family with him, are now in that grave.

From all parts of the countryside the abandoned children were being brought daily into the children's homes of the larger towns and cities. These homes, which are hastily prepared as emergency quarters, have no equipment at all. For one of the homes in Samara a house of about six rooms had been taken over in July with the expectation of housing sixty children. At the end of August it contained 400 children. There were 31 cups and bowls. There were no sanitary arrangements of any kind but the nurses tried to bathe the children and wash as many of the lice from them as was possible. But it was of little use as the same dirty clothing had to be put on them again. There was no attempt at any recreation for the children, nor instruction, because those who had been teachers or caretakers were ill themselves with malaria or dysentery. The children were the most unchildlike babies I have ever seen. They lay perfectly motionless with lifeless eyes. In the homes for older children the workers would allow them to wander about the streets in the hope of picking up stray bits of garbage as food. But the saddest sights were in the homes for the smaller babies. These babies were fed the same diet as older children and later, and women—the grass bread and meat soup. They could not digest that food and it meant simply the question of how many hours the child would live. In one of the homes we visited in Samara the death rate was higher than 90 per cent. It was at these houses the garbage cart called daily and after the bodies were piled in, took them off beyond the city for burial in trenches.

What is the government doing in the face of this appalling disaster? The first thing they concentrated their attention upon was the sending of seed grain into this area. The government realized that even the present famine situation would be as nothing compared to conditions next year if every effort were not given to the planting of seed. It was remarkable to find the peasants, whose horses were dropping in the fields, and whose children were starving, could be seen putting the seed into the ground instead of into their families' mouths. The next most important piece of work it is doing is the attempt to get as many of the people as are not actually needed to plough and plant out of this area into regions where the harvest has been good. It is endeavoring to send all foreigners to the countries of their origin. It is also forming colonies which will settle in Siberia. A group is made up of a bootmaker, a carpenter, and other handicraftsmen to form a nucleus about which peasants may be gathered and a new community developed. Several thousands had thus been sent out; but while in Siberia they will find wood and possibly grain, there are no materials for building, such as iron, nails or glass; and so the lack of these articles will keep the number who can be sent there relatively small. As many food trains as it is possible to equip from the meager stores in Moscow are being sent into the famine provinces; and food, mostly soup, is fed to the children at railroad junctions. In Samara the government train is feeding 4000 children a day.

Foreign relief has entered. The American Relief Administration will feed 250,000 children. But there are more than twelve million men, women and children who will need food as greatly as those who will be fed by this agency. The number of starving people to whom the Quakers will bring food is limited only by the resources which will be at their command. They are now feeding 70,000 children a day, and their organization is complete enough to enable it to expand this feeding to any limit. The 70,000 whom the Quakers will save are those who will not be saved by any other agency, and who will surely die before spring unless aid reaches them.

The morning I left Moscow there was printed in "Pravda" the morning newspaper, a simply worded request which had been sent in by a peasant from the famine area who had heard that the people in Moscow were getting a bread ration. He said:

"I come to you from a far country; where the bread and the buckwheat have failed. Only the noisy vultures are busy in the fields where all day the wind whips up the brown dust. Hunger is here. People moan. Their empty bellies swell. The breasts to which the babies turn are dry. You can hear the groans of the people amid the breaking waves of the Volga. You can hear the shower of their tears. You can hear what they cry out, 'Bring help and bring it soon.'"

THE FRIENDS IN RUSSIA

The friends entered Russia in 1917 just after the revolution, where they ever since carried on their work of relief among the children interrupted only by the movement of armies.

In August, 1920, Anna J. Haines, an American Friend, and Arthur Watts, an English Friend, went to Moscow and have since been engaged in the distribution of supplies of milk, soap, fats and medicines. They have reached over 100,000 children in the course of the year.

When the news came to the effect of the long drought in the Volga region, Anna Haines immediately went into Samara, taking sufficient supplies to begin the feeding of 25,000 children. They have continued to feed this number in three centers.

The Friends are organized with an experienced Relief Unit to undertake the task of saving life in the midst of this calamity which has fallen upon the Russian population. The extent of this aid is dependent upon your gifts.

AMERICAN FRIENDS SERVICE COMMITTEE

20 South Twelfth Street

Philadelphia, Pa.

WILBUR K. THOMAS

Executive Secretary

CHARLES F. JENKINS

Treasurer

Statue of Bolling, Air Hero, Unveiled



This statue of Col. R. C. Bolling has just been unveiled at Greenwich, Conn.; his home town. Bolling was the first of the higher officers of the American air forces to fall in battle. He was shot down at Amiens, March 26, 1918. The statue is the work of Edward Clark Potter, a friend and neighbor of Bolling.

PRECIPITOUS. An amateur mountain climber, standing up straight and holding his hands up, you can easily get a good idea of the danger of the descent. "I suppose when she had completed the contract there was nothing else to do."—Vancouver Transcript.

EVERETT TRUE

BY CONDO



Voluble People.
The value of a single man or woman of open mind, independent judgment, and moral courage, who requires to be convinced and refuses to be enfolded, is only concerned to be right and not afraid to be singular, offering to reason and not to faint, true to their own self, and therefore not false to any man—the value of such a man or woman, I say, is priceless; a nation of such would have a regenerated world.—Professor James Ward

Joy in Friendship.
Life has nothing more satisfying than the joy and understanding which subsists after years of friendship between persons each of whom is sure of himself and sure of his friend.

LEITZINGER BROS.

Grocery Specials

- Fresh churned Creamery Butter in one pound prints, pound 45c
- Swift's Little Hams, 5 to 8 pounds, pound 15c
- Pure Red Raspberry, Peach, Cherry and Pineapple Preserves, large jar 39c
- Del Monte California Orange Marmalade, 39c
- Beech Nut Orange Marmalade, glass 25c
- English Walnuts, 1 1/2 lb. pack, pound 35c
- Fresh Pack Mixed Nuts, pound 30c
- Strawberry Small Red Beets, splendid eating, can 20c
- York State Fresh Pack Sauer Kraut, can 20c
- Frying Tomatoes, packed whole, can 30c
- Fine York State Stewing Tomatoes, can 20c
- Lancaster Navy Beans, 2 lb. can 25c
- Pure Cider Vinegar, 1 gallon 25c
- Leitzinger Bros. Special Blend Coffee, lb. 35c
- Farm House Fifth Avenue White House, and Frank-American Coffee
- Del Monte Peaches April 25c
- Del Monte Peaches and Bartlett Pears, 25c
- Large whole Jumbo Salted Peanuts, pound 50c
- Fresh Chocolate Covered Mints, pound 50c
- Finest Grade Strained Honey, jar 25c

Ford
THE UNIVERSAL CAR
FORD REDUCES PRICE

Lowest in the History of THE FORD MOTOR COMPANY

Chassis	\$285	Runabout
Touring		
Regular	\$348	Clincher Wheels \$319
Touring		Demountable Rims \$344
Demountable Rims	\$373	Clincher Wheels and Starter \$389
Clincher Wheels and Starter	\$418	Demountable Rims & Starter \$414
Demountable Rims & Starter	\$443	
For Truck Chassis		Coupe
Pneumatic or Solid Tires	\$430	Starter & Demountable Rims \$580
		Sedan
		Starter & Demountable Rims \$645

F. O. B. DETROIT

Clearfield Central Garage
Rear Dimeling Hotel

CLASSIFIED ADS FOR EVERYBODY

One Cent Per Word For Each Insertion
Minimum Charge Twenty-Five Cents

WANTED

WANTED—Young married man desires position as truck driver or chauffeur. Call H. & C. 411 W-3 116 4t ch

WANTED—Agents, get our proven formula for the making of "Kool Savor." Saves 30% of the users coal bill. Used on either hard or soft coal. Can easily be made at home at a profit of 300%.

Cost consumers grasp the opportunity to buy. Establish a permanent business supplying homes, large buildings and factories. Further particulars upon request, enclosing stamp for reply. HOUSEHOLD CHEMICAL CO., 380 E. 3rd Street, St. Paul, Minn. 116 8t ch

WANTED—Experienced girl for general housework. No laundering. Good wages. Must give good references. Inquire Mrs. Forsythe, H. & C. 219, Bell 22. 116 6t ch

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—The best of custom coal from C. C. Gillham. Am able to accommodate more customers than have more miners and teams on now. Try a load and you will use no other. Please order early and be sure of delivery. All orders given prompt attention. R. S. HILE, H. & C. 411 W-4. R. D. 5x. 114 3t pd

FOR SALE—Gas Water Heater \$8. Two burner Gas Plate \$3.50. Clothes Wringer \$5.00. Ice box \$20. Wash boiler \$1. All the above bought new last June. Walnut Bed with new mattress \$25. Fireless Cooker \$2. Call day time. H. & C. 486 B. 116 2t pd

FOR SALE—Frame house on West Side, Six rooms. Reception hall, pantry, bath room, electric lights, hot water, heat. Possession at once. For particulars call or phone. C. G. BLOOM, Real Estate and Insurance, 215 West Fifth Ave. Bell 141-m. 116 6t ch

FOR SALE—Two Plymouth Rock cockerels, 9 months old. Thompson strain. \$5.00 each. H. & C. 323 W-2. A. L. McDIVITT, 900 Linden Street. 117 4t pd

FOR SALE—Seven room house with two lots in Kerr addition. Good location. Can be bought reasonably. Progress or Call 907-R-112 Bell. 116 6t ch

FOR SALE—Will buy or sell any quantity of chickens, turkeys, geese, ducks or geese. Call D. W. Anderson. 116 2t ch

FOR SALE—One combination book case and desk in oak with table to match. \$25 for the two. Also one side board with mirror and small table to match \$25 for the two. Inquire at the Progress office. 113 5t ch

LOST OR FOUND

LOST—Saturday night a black velvet hand bag, containing small purse with change and bank check. Between Rose Church and Second Street. Will the finder please return to the Progress? 116 3t pd

SPLIT ON CHURCH DOCTRINE

Puritans First Came Into Being as Seceders From the National Church of England.

The Puritans were a party which, though nominally taking its rise at the time when Archbishop Parker, at the request of Queen Elizabeth, formulated the constitution of the church, and the ritual of the national Church of England, really owes its origin to the influence of Wycliffe and the Lollards. In consequence of Parker's scheme of church purity, serious differences manifested themselves among the clergy, those who demanded greater strictness of life and doctrine being called in derision Puritan, or in Burns phrase "the meek gillie." The party became split up into an extreme section that preferred the Presbyterian system to the Episcopal one, and a moderate section whose desire was simply to draw a strongly marked line of doctrinal demarcation between the two standards of the two churches. Later on (1580), there was a third party, which eventually became the most powerful of all, viz., the Separatists or Independents, who advocated the congregational system, whereby each church would be responsible to itself alone. In the reign of James I. (1620), the Pilgrim Fathers sailed from Delfhaven (in the Netherlands), touching at Southampton, England, and founded the colony of Plymouth, Mass., at the end of that year. A few years later in the reign of Charles I. a great wave of Puritan migration built up the colony of Massachusetts Bay, an offshoot of which was the colony of Connecticut.

HOW WALL STREET GOT NAME

Designation Arose From Palisade Erected by Sturdy Old Peter Stuyvesant in Early Days.

If there had not been war between Holland and England there is no telling what would have been the name of Wall Street, New York. The financial center of America might have borne any other name and have been just as powerful as it is.

The wall that gave to it its name was put up by Peter Stuyvesant. The old pre-legendary wall and his own little service and he became famous.

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—2 rooms for light housekeeping. Call H. & C. 199 R-2. 113 1t ch

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms for light housekeeping, with light and heat. Inquire 203 Bridge St. 117 1t ch

FOR RENT—Three unfurnished rooms at \$7.00 per month. Call Anna Patton, Kerr Addition. 117 2t pd

FOR RENT—Two unfurnished rooms and one bedroom. Rent reasonable. Inquire 325 4th St. 110 1t ch

ITEMS OF INTEREST
1c per Word for each Insertion.
Minimum Charge 25 Cents

NOTICE
All persons having grain to be ground bring it to the Mineral Spring Grist Mill.

W. T. LUMADUE, R. D. 1, West Decatur. 114 4t pd

Painting and Paper hanging Call Emory Hummel, 602 Martin Street. First Class Work, Satisfaction Guaranteed. 116 3t pd

COAL AND WOOD
Moshannon Vein Coal and Kindling Wood. Call H. & C. Phone 172-2. 116 3t pd

NOTICE
St. Agnes' Guild will hold a business meeting for the election of officers on Wednesday night, Jan. 18, at 7:30 o'clock, at the home of Mrs. Harry Boulton on Turnpike Avenue. Chapter C, will serve refreshments. A silver offering will be taken. All members of the guild are expected to be there. ORDER OF PRESIDENT 117 1t ch

COAL NOTICE COAL
Coal as good as money can buy. Delivered to your door, price reasonable. Both phones. JOHN SCHICKLING, SON, R. D. 4. 116 6t pd

BOILER REPAIR WORK
Any person desiring boiler repair work will do well to consult Albert Dale, local boiler repairman. Twenty years experience with Clearfield Machine Shops, which has turned this class of work over to him. Fully equipped for this work and needs no introduction to the trade in this section. Address: Albert Dale, Park Street, Clearfield, or call him at Clearfield Machine Shops on H. & C. phone 353 J-3. Fully acquainted with New State Boiler Code and identified by State Board to work under same. Satisfaction guaranteed in all classes of work. 112 6t pd

vinced that the New England and Connecticut colonies were going to attack him. His town north of the river was unprotected and he threw a wooden wall from the East to the North river. It was built of logs that were used as palisades, with the upper ends spiked.

It was not a wonderful defense as we look at things now, but against an assault by men armed with blunderbusses it would have taken some sacrifice on the part of the attackers to have carried it.

But the old wooden wall stood for a half-century and cramped the growth of the town. There was a ditch along side it, and at night the gate was closed and bolted and guarded. When you got outside the wall you were in the suburbs of New Amsterdam with no communication saved to kick about it. However, named the street that ran beside it and which is, perhaps, the best known thoroughfare in the United States.

"Easter Riding" in Bohemia.
In various parts of Bohemia, now the principal state of the new Czechoslovak republic, a curious old custom prevails, that of "Easter riding." On each Easter day, at four o'clock in the morning, the riders assemble, dressed in black and carrying crosses, flags and other emblems. From Schwanau they proceed on a three hours' ride to Kulm, where they attend service. The priest, after a sermon wherein he refers to the horse as a symbol of power bestows his benediction on the animals and their riders. This done the riders visit the neighboring estates, where they receive hospitality, subsequently making their way home, escorted by a band and a large crowd. The origin of the curious custom is lost in the mists of antiquity.

Being True to One's Self.
Following is from "The Simple Truth," by Ernest C. Wilson:
"It is sometimes taught that life is not for happiness, but for experience, and that he who aspires to happiness seeks in vain. Sometimes too, just the reverse of this admonishment is impressed upon the student's mind, that happiness is the true goal of life, and that jubilation is the first duty of the aspiring soul. If we conceive experience as a means of self-fulfillment, and happiness in mean, not abandonment, but allegiance to that which is best in us, the two statements are reconciled, and express a truth. The soul's highest duty and greatest pleasure are one, and both are fulfilled when man is true to himself."

PROGRESS JOB WORK SATISFIES

Where Your Taxes Go

How Uncle Sam Spends Your Money in Conducting Your Business.

By EDWARD G. LOWRY

Author "Washington Close-Up," "Ranks and Financial Systems," etc. Contributor Political and Economic Articles to Leading Periodicals and a Writer of Recognized Authority on the National Government's Business Methods.

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VIEW OF THE EMPLOYEE

The obvious situation of the government's employment problem is the standardization and readjustment of salaries. To the scientific, such adjustment must rest upon a careful classification of the service. Conditions are very different now, both in regard to the functions of offices and the cost of living, from what they were when positions in the government service were first classified and salaries assigned to those positions.

It struck me that an interested party in this inquiry into how the government conducts its business was the employee himself. He ought to know from actual daily experience something about the mechanism of the national business and the relations between the working force and employer.

It was clearly impossible to talk to the more than 500,000 men and women who work for the government, but I learned that between 50,000 and 60,000 of them are banded together in an association called the National Federation of Federal Employees. It is a regular labor union, and is affiliated with the American Federation of Labor. It includes all classes of government workers, technical and scientific men, as well as clerks and unskilled workers.

I asked the president of this employees' union, Luther C. Steward, if he and his associates were authorized to speak for all its membership. He assured me that they were.

So I asked him to tell me about the conditions of government employment and how the business was carried on.

I am glad I did, for what he told me discloses not only facts, but a state of mind existing among the employees which necessarily must be taken into account in any consideration of the efficiency and management of our common business. Here then is what the employees, who speak through Mr. Steward, have to say, and the constructive program they present for the improvement of the service.

The civil service on its human side consists of about 500,000 men and women engaged in the operation of an antiquated patched-up machine. Because of the durability of its vital parts and the faith and ability of the masses of the operatives, the machine still functions. But the parts are ill-fitted, and many of them are defective. The managers and superintendents of the establishment, being too often chosen for political reasons, are frequently ignorant, and the operating system is clumsy and disjointed.

The employees are recruited under a law which provides a test of qualifications and probably nine-tenths of the rank and file have satisfactorily passed the entrance test. But the better positions, say from \$3,000 upward, are usually occupied by political appointees. Another considerable group of employees get their appointments by executive order, waiting civil service tests of fitness.

The newcomer in the service, therefore, finds himself up against a minimum of opportunity for promotion, with the disheartening knowledge that the advancement which is earned by competence is all too likely to be given to the friend or political supporter of some congressman or executive who wishes to pay a political debt. And the employee is subject to dismissal at the will of the executive of his department, unless he can bring sufficient political influence to bear.

In other words, the civil service law is not backed up by enforcing power in the civil service commission. It merely records the applicants for employment. Thereafter the employee's fate is largely a matter of his own luck and negative passive merit. There is no system by which he may be fitted to the job, and no protection against dismissal, unless the reason is political or religious. "For the good of the service," as the law reads, covers every other charge which the executive official may bring. There is no court of appeal.

Such is the oppressive, incentiveless, vitiating atmosphere of the government service. It stifles initiative, frustrates ambitions and reduces the mass of employees to a more or less passive state, which is permeated by a sense of fear.

In such an atmosphere, naturally enough, the physical conditions of employment are far from what they should be, and the government loses efficiency, as does any other employer where the wage scale is inadequate and unstandardized, where sanitary conditions are bad and hours of work too long and irregular.

The wage scale is so low that the civil service commission has difficulty in securing properly qualified applicants, and throughout the service the turnover is high. Employees doing the same kind of work often receive widely different rates of pay; experienced workers often receive less than beginners, and virtually every kind of inequality and injustice exists.

It is a problem of great complexity. It cannot be solved by a half-hearted or half-way tinkering with the present system. Nothing but a thorough overhauling of the whole personnel system and the establishment of a new system covering all phases of the question and embodying the most approved principles of personnel administration will meet the needs of the situation. Fortunately a beginning has been made in this direction. It at least furnishes a starting point for action looking to the giving to the government of the personnel system that it must have if government work is to be over measurably well done.

The situation now is that there is an insistent demand on the part of the public that the whole administration of the national government be put upon a more efficient basis, and that the present waste of public funds, resulting from present defective organization and methods, shall cease; that congress is alive to this demand and has made a start toward meeting it; that the fundamental defects in the existing system are well known; and that the direction efforts looking to reform should take are clearly established. The responsibility is thus squarely on to congress.

Is the problem that confronts congress in securing this laudable end analyzed it will be found that the fundamental reforms are: The reform by congress itself of its own organization and methods of procedure; the creation of a budget system

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UP TO YOU AND CONGRESS

At the present time it would be a misnomer to speak of the national government having a personnel system at all. The reform accomplished by the establishment of the civil service commission and the merit system has touched but one phase of the personnel problem, and that but partially—entrance into the government service. Practically nothing has been done in the way of erecting the government services into careers that will attract and retain efficient men. But as conditions were in this respect before the war, they have become many times worse during and since that event. The correction of these evils presents a problem of great complexity.

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FRANKLIN

The Franklin Sold Twice as Fast as the Industry in General in 1921

50 to 500 Miles--or More

The Franklin Standard of Demonstration

THIS is like a liberal trial ownership without any responsibility. And it gives you a representative cross-section of an owner's experience. It will pay you to know this car.

Light, Flexible, Air Cooled—No Water Backed by 20 years of constant development

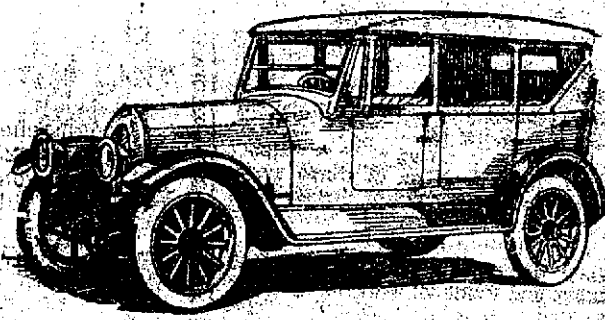
20 miles to the gallon of gasoline
12,500 miles to the set of tires
50% slower yearly depreciation
(National Averages)

MARKET STREET AUTO SALES COMPANY

"The Garage at the End of the Bridge."

Market Street

Clearfield, Pa.



A Franklin-developed type, and equipped for year-round adaptability. Now little glass panels can be easily and entirely removed to let the sun in. Removable 4 doors, for 5 passengers, removable and an enclosed car in one.

We're In Our New Home

AT 18 NORTH SECOND STREET

Watch For The Big Sale

THAT WILL MARK A NEW ERA OF LOW PRICES ON WOMEN'S WEAR IN THIS CITY

LADIES BAZAAR

18 North Second Street

KEYSTONE ICE CREAM

IS CARBONATED—THAT MEANS

YOU GET BETTER CREAM

There's A Keystone Dealer

Convenient To Your Home

SOMEDAY YOU'RE GOING TO TRY

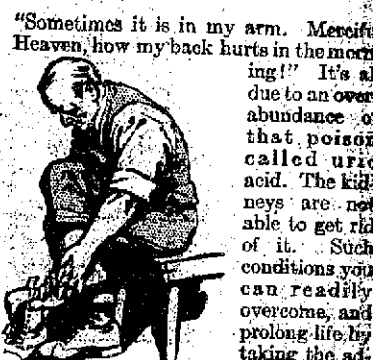
BUTTERNUT BREAD

WHY NOT TONIGHT?

YOUR GROCER HAS IT

Get Butternut At Your Grocer's.

"Gee-Whiz! How it Hurts!"
—The Pain in My Foot!"



"Sometimes it is in my arm. Merciful Heaven, how my back hurts in the morning! It's all due to an over-abundance of that poison called uric acid. The kidneys are not able to get rid of it. Such conditions you can readily overcome, and prolong life, by taking the advice of Dr. Pierce, which is 'Keep the kidneys in good order.' Avoid too much meat, alcohol or tea. Drink plenty of pure water, preferably hot water, before meals, and drive the uric acid out of the system by taking Anuric." This can be obtained as almost any drug store.

Send a bottle of water to the chemist at Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y., and you will receive free medical advice as to whether the kidneys are affected. When your kidneys get sluggish and clog, you suffer from backache, sick-headache, dizzy spells, or twinges and pains of lumbago, rheumatism or gout; or sleep is disturbed two or three times a night, take heed, before too late. Get Anuric (anti-uric-acid), for it will put new life into your kidneys and your entire system. Ask your nearest druggist for it or send Dr. Pierce ten cents for trial package.

THE CLEARFIELD PROGRESS

Published every day except Sunday by the Progressive Publishing Company, Progress Building, Clearfield, Pennsylvania.

G. A. STEWART, Managing Editor
J. D. CONNELLY, City Editor R. S. NIGHTINGALE, Adv. Mgr.
A. M. BRAUND, Foreman.

OFFICERS
R. H. SOMMERVILLE, President G. A. STEWART, Sec and Treas.
H. C. Telephone No. 176 Bell Phone No. 47

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION BY MAIL
One Year..... \$4.00 Three Months..... \$1.50
Six Months..... \$2.50 One Month..... \$.50

By Carrier 12 cents per Week Payable to Carrier

Entered in Post Office at Clearfield, Pa., as second class mail matter.

It is one of the fortunes of the human race that the harrowing details of heartrending tragedy must be faced. Out of this face to faceness with the vicissitudes of life grows that deep sentiment which prompts all charity and sympathy. This element of neighborliness and brotherhood in our typically American make-up loosens our purse strings and makes the name America blessed throughout the civilized world.

Today in an advertisement space is reprinted a story entitled, "Through the Valley of the Shadow of Death", which, although not pleasant reading, should be read by every man, woman and child within the reach of this newspaper. It will bring the misery of others to us in a manner that will prompt us to do our duty towards others.

There is no reason or logic in the argument that those who are starving are Russians three thousands of miles away. They who are starving are babies and little children, not unlike our own. True charity knows no religion, no creed, no nationality. The cry of a babe is the same the world over.

Make this a week of self denial in order that the cry of hunger may be stilled in the little hamlets of darkened Russia. You can do without a cigar, a sundae, or many other little delicacies of luxury in order that you might give some little contribution to this need. Or if you cannot deny yourself these things, match them with a gift equal to the cost of them. You can do this—there is no argument.

Leave your contribution at any of the banks in town or send it to any of the Sunday Schools or churches next Sunday.

There has been an agitation in Clearfield for some time for an increase to our police force and judging from the frequency with which rowdiness and crime are encountered, it will not be a bad thing to have for a time at least.

Many will contend that there is no necessity for a third man but we believe that the people of the Third and Fourth Wards will welcome this addition to the force, as they have been with practically no protection at all.

Whether the three-man police force amounts to anything at all for the safety of our citizens depends on what they do. This part of it will be put to the Burgess and we believe that Mr. Kitchener will work out a plan of patrolling for the whole city that will meet with approval.

The world hasn't changed much, John Francis, warden of the Western Penitentiary, believes. People are still engaged in the mad chase after the Almighty Dollar, he says.

He scores the fickle public and tells them that when they vote for "a hell of a good fellow," they must expect a "hell of an administration."

"Business men must realize that when it costs \$250,000 to elect a mayor of the city of Pittsburgh, the opportunities for a poor boy are practically none at all. You can't elect a shoemaker, and expect to make a watchmaker out of him."

The time has arrived when the women of this county, as we are, should give some attention to politics. There are a great many important offices to be filled this year and the time for interest to be taken is when the candidates begin to campaign for themselves, not after the primaries have been held and people are perforce allowed only a selection from the two major parties. The women of both parties can have a great deal to say about who the candidates will be for the respective offices on the two major tickets. The first requisite is to be registered as to party preference so as to be in position to vote at the May primary and help to name your candidates. The women must realize that the male voters are already giving considerable attention to politics and if they are to have a hand in the naming of candidates they must see that they are registered before they can vote.

Weather in Guatemala.
The royal palm trees, especially the ones bearing coconuts and coconuts, grow extensively in the coastal region of Guatemala, and although an arid climate prevails, one can find many of these tall bearing trees. They might become the source of an important vegetable oil industry, not only because of the great quantity of nuts in the country, but also because of the fact that the oil content of the Guatemalan kernels is estimated to be 65 per cent, in comparison with 42 per cent for African nuts. The yield of kernels to the ton of nuts in Guatemala is about 12 per cent.

Monkey in a Muff.
A monkey was used by a clever woman thief to commit a series of thefts from jewelry shops in Paris. The creature was so tiny that she carried it in a big muff. When while its mistress was standing at such distance from the counter as disarmed suspicion, the owner would thrust out a long golden chain and watch and conceal a ring or brooch. It was a clever device, hidden in a gallery above and reaching with the aid of several quick fingers, who at last detected the trick.

Your Debts

Every one is in debt to himself.

He owes himself this obligation, but as a rule, he pays every one before he pays himself.

Here is the way to make a real success of saving. As soon as you get your pay, take out the amount you want to save and go to The Clearfield Trust Company with it and then use the rest to live on.



Clearfield Trust Co.

LILLIAN RUSSEL ON TOUR OF EUROPE ON A FEDERAL MISSION

New York, N. Y., Jan. 17.—Lillian Russell, former grand opera star, sailed for Europe today on the George Washington, on her commission from President Harding to investigate the human side of the immigration problem abroad. Lillian, whose first stage success was in 1884, was accompanied by her husband, Alexander Moore of Pittsburgh.

TODAY'S STOCKS

New York, Jan. 17.—American Tobacco 18 3/4, American Sunnata Tobacco 24 3/4, Bethlehem B 58, Crucible Steel 58 1/4, General Electric 140 3/4, General Motors 8 7/8, Lehigh Valley 50 1/2, Maytag 30 3/8, Sinclair Oil 20 1/2, Studebaker 86 1/4, Texas Co 45 3/8, U. S. Rubber 64 3/4, U. S. Steel 52, Willamette 5 1/4, Cal Maney 4 1/2%.

LIBERTY BONDS CLOSING

Liberty 3 1/2's 96.50, Liberty 4's 97.74, Liberty 2nd 4's 97.54, Liberty 3rd 4 1/4's 97.84, Liberty 4th 4 1/4's 97.80, Victory 4 3/4's 100.24.

Making Good an Old Beast.

A process has been discovered whereby old leather can be converted into gelatin. Such transformation offers a really way of utilizing many articles after their value to every one but the junk man appears to be gone. Since head coverings are sometimes made of leather, it would appear that at least the man confident that his candidate will win in an election may literally back up his confidence with the time-honored promise that he will at his bid in the event that his candidate loses.

A Plant of Much Interest Found in South America.

A plant of much interest found in the south of South America, is the black-in-the-south, or Indian turnip, a plant of the arum family, to which the well-known callitriche also belongs. The sheath (the pulpit), which surrounds the central portion is called the spathe, and is really a leaf modified for the protection of flowers. American Forestry Magazine.

River a Mile Down Between Cliffs.

The famous Grand canyon of the Colorado is 6000 feet deep in its deepest part, with nearly perpendicular sides, and is one of the most imposing pieces of sculpture either in the country or in Europe.

Florida Cuba South

Florida, the Winter Playground
Cuba, the Sun and Sea
South, the Land of Opportunity

Famous Beaches, Cool Air, Water, Fishing, Hunting, Spelling, Motor Boating, Game, Hacks, and more.

Have a Vacation with your family, with their long season, ideal climate make possible the enjoyment of golf, tennis, and other outdoor sports through out the winter.

For Booklet, "Tropical Trip," and Information, apply to
Atlantic Coast Line
The Standard Railroad of the South
1400 N. W. Washington, D. C.

IS IT ANY WONDER THAT THE AMERICAN NATION CONSUMES MILLIONS OF DOLLARS' WORTH OF CANDIES EVERY YEAR? THEY HAVE

ROMANCE CHOCOLATES

SILVER FOR THE LITTLE FOLKS

These little folks are bound to have a birthday once each year, and they expect something as a reminder. The cups, the bread and milk sets, spoons and other things which every child enjoys so much are here in plenty. We have the sort that will be handed down from one kiddie to another and gain in charm as the years pass.

O'BRIEN'S

SECRETARY DAVIS TAKES HAND IN W. VA. EVICTION

Washington, D. C., Jan. 17.—A move to stay the eviction of miners from their homes in the West Virginia coal district was started here today when Secretary Davis wired to Governor E. F. Morgan asking that the eviction of miners from their homes be postponed.

Mrs. Sam Border, who has been a surgical patient at the hospital, has returned to her home on West Pine street.

Cities as Thunderstorm Spots.

The conclusion has been reached by a well-known engineer who has given the subject considerable attention that certain cities, if not indeed most inland cities of say 100,000 population or more, appear to be "thunderstorm spots." The observation has been made by E. H. Lytton, of Voorheesville, N. Y., who also points out that "a shallow lake with sandy margins located in a forest may serve as a thunderstorm breeder" and cites as proof observations made by him over Onondaga lake, New York.

The First Secessionist.

The first person to suggest secession in congress is supposed to have been Josiah Quincy of Massachusetts. In 1811 he told his colleagues that if Louisiana were admitted to the Union it will be the right of all and duty of some (of the states) definitely to prepare for a separation; unobscurely if they can, violently if they must. Quincy was called to order for his remarks by the speaker, but on appeal the speaker's decision was reversed.

WHY BURN DIRTY COAL?

When you can get clean coal for the same price, 12c per bushel. Prompt delivery.

C. B. Graham & Son H. & C. 708R14

SERVICE

That's the paramount thing in this store. We're here to give you service, and you'll find us giving it wholeheartedly and frankly—we like to do things like you like to have them done.

C. R. BLOOM DRUGGIST



The Hupmobile presents a rare combination of fine performance, consistent economy, low first cost, low after costs, high resale price, and sound investment value.

PENN MOTOR SALES CO. CLEARFIELD, PA.

Hupmobile

LUTHERAN CHURCH TONIGHT

A Strong Sermon By
REV. E. ROY HAUSER.

"LORD, OPEN HIS EYES"

TOMORROW NIGHT "THE SINNER'S PERIL"

Good Music At Every Service

PHENOMENAL SALE!

LESTER PIANOS!

The people of Clearfield have been so interested in this sale that to show them our appreciation we have ordered

An Entire New Stock

Direct From Factory

The demand has been heavy. We have sold more pianos than we were prepared to sell. It was apparent to us that many others would wish to take advantage of these savings.

This Great Piano Sale Will Continue

A large consignment has been sent to us of beautiful 1922 styles. Come in today and convince yourself that these are the most wonderful bargains ever offered here.

The Lester Pianos are known all over the world for their tone and wonderful durability

Victrolas and Records

F. A. NORTH CO.
Successors to
PORCH BROS.
20 North Second Street
Clearfield, Pa.

Please send me complete description of your Lester and Leonard Pianos. Also details on easy payment plan.

Name.....
Address.....

F. NORTH CO.
Successors to
PORCH BROS.
20 North Second Street
Clearfield, Pa.

Please send me complete description of your Lester and Leonard Pianos. Also details on easy payment plan.

Name.....
Address.....

POLAND GAINS LEAD IN EUROPE

Will Be First of European Countries to Recover From Effects of War.

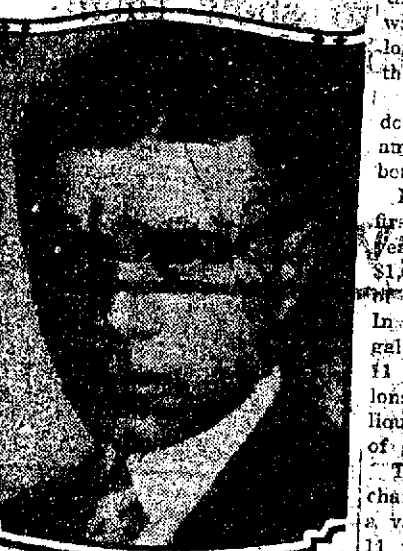
GATEWAY TO RUSSIAN TRADE

American Purchase of Foreign Municipal and National Bonds Will Strengthen Foreign Markets and Help U. S. Business.

By F. DE SAINT-PHALLÉ
Vice President Baldwin Economic Works.

Within five years Poland will be the richest country in Europe, continental Europe, and confidence in Poland is based on its good trade balances and the quality of its resources as well as the industry of its population of more than 30,000,000 inhabitants. Beginning with the year 1922 this country will have surplus food, surplus oil, surplus coal, textiles, steel, diverse manufactures and timber, all available for export. When a nation has such resources for itself and its export trade, it can take care of almost any emergency.

One of my objects in going to Europe was to obtain information about Russia. I found that Poland, of all countries, was the best informed about Russia. Many have relatives there.



F. DE SAINT-PHALLÉ

and the flow of Russian information consequently direct and realistic.

There is a secret trade going on between Poland and Russia.

Smuggling Trade Developed
When I was in Poland this trade was forbidden. Russia, however, is now desirous to establish a monopoly of foreign trade to assist the finances of the Soviet government. One trouble in Russia today is the lack of incentive for work. After a peasant produces enough for his needs, he finds nothing desirable in Russia to exchange for his efforts, he stops work. When peasants have surplus articles they hide them in holes in the land and sell them to the city.

In the absence of money, they come to some trading place where furs, precious metals, precious stones, wheat and other products are exchanged for Polish agricultural implements, textiles, knives, hardware and similar necessities.

Poland's Amazing Progress
With her great natural resources, her small foreign debt and the fact that she has no reparations to pay, the hope that Poland is about to emerge as one of the most important nations of Central Europe.

The present depreciation of the Polish mark is the result of the necessities of the past two years. It does not in any way arrest the economic life of the nation.

Everything is now set in Poland for greater stability of exchange. The only thing lacking is the balancing of the budget, which the government is working hard to accomplish. After this is done a fixed value will probably be given to the currency. With Poland's great natural resources the hope is to be one of the first countries of Central Europe to achieve a satisfactory currency suited to future conditions.

City of Warsaw Thriving
The general impression is one of great activity everywhere. I have never seen a city of the size of Warsaw reduced to the same minimum of expenditure in the way of luxury. There are practically no automobiles in the city and only a few horse carriages. Trolley cars are overcrowded, and most people walk. Clothes for women and men are of the best and sufficiently warm, but also luxury and fashion. This absence of luxury is a good thing for the city of Warsaw at the present time.

People in the United States should remember that the natural resources of Poland are second only to France, Germany and England and that the progress of this new republic within the next year will be such as to astonish the United States.

There are two ways in which we can help Europe. We can invest our money in European industries and help them sell their products in this country, or we can export our capital. Every day we read of large American purchases of foreign bonds, municipal, provincial or national. In this I see real hope for the immediate future.

A Definition.
A warm friend, Roger, is one who will let you borrow his cash—his "four-fifths."

ODDS AND ENDS AND THINGS

By "Skinney"

The following official figures will throw some light on the progress of prohibition and what has been accomplished during the past year in the way of whiskey production and consumption.

During the Government's fiscal year ending June 30 last, distilled spirits produced in the United States amounted to 86,365,638 gallons, more than one-third the production in 1919, which was 249,123,921 gallons.

The quantity removed from warehouses during the year was 34,993,154 gallons, 6,772,245 more than in 1920. The amount removed in 1919 was 162,177,519 gallons. Removals last year included 39,961,943 gallons of whiskey, 886,912 gallons of gin, 399,419 gallons of rum and 2170 gallons of high wines.

Remaining in warehouses on June 30 were 49,890,853 gallons of distilled spirits, against 232,402,897 gallons in 1916.

Production of wine in the last fiscal year was 19,551,595 gallons and the quantity remaining on June 30 was 27,004,893 gallons, 9,327,528 gallons, or 39,710,112 quarts more than were left on June 30, 1920.

Importations of liquor almost doubled in the last calendar year, amounting to more than 2,500,000 bottles.

Imports of distilled spirits in the first 11 months of the last calendar year were 468,726 gallons, valued at \$1,090,566. Those in the full year of 1920 were 1,025,797 gallons, valued at \$2,377,038.

Of the imports during the 11 months there were 340,563 gallons of whiskey, 89,201 gallons of liqueurs and cordials, 22,136 gallons of gin and 15,965 gallons of brandy.

There were 102,579 gallons of champagne and sparkling wines of a value of \$704,629 imported during 11 months last year, whereas the 1920 imports were only 96,861 gallons. Imports in 1916 were 718,332 gallons.

In the last fiscal year 8345 permits were used and sold, intoxicating liquors were removed by the Internal Revenue Service and 10,286 new permits were issued.

Internal Revenue records show 175 persons were arrested during the last fiscal year in violation of the prohibition act and the Internal Revenue laws relating to distilled spirits and wines. There were 22,115 convictions and 1238 acquittals.

Fines and penalties imposed were a little more than \$5,000,000. Collections were \$2,137,307.

Scotland. No more Ireland. Freedom from the British crown an agitation has been begun for the independence of Scotland.

Forty members of the Scots National League which stands for complete separation from England, recently met in London and to the wild strains of the bagpipes, affirmed their determination to fight, if need be, to gain complete and absolute independence for Scotland.

Scotland. After that in 1706 Scotland was a free country with a national debt of only one shilling and seven pence per head of the population.

Today, every Scotsman owes 177 pounds. (Scotland's contribution to taxation last year amounted to \$13,487,000—pounds, but only one quarter of this was devoted to Scottish purposes, they complained.)

The threat of a Scottish secession has, however, failed to arouse anything more than a tolerant smile from the general public.

Ancient Love of Music.
Excavations in Egypt show a shepherd of 4,000 years ago playing a leather-covered lute. On one side is his dog, on the other a lamb. Love of music was a characteristic of the earliest civilization.

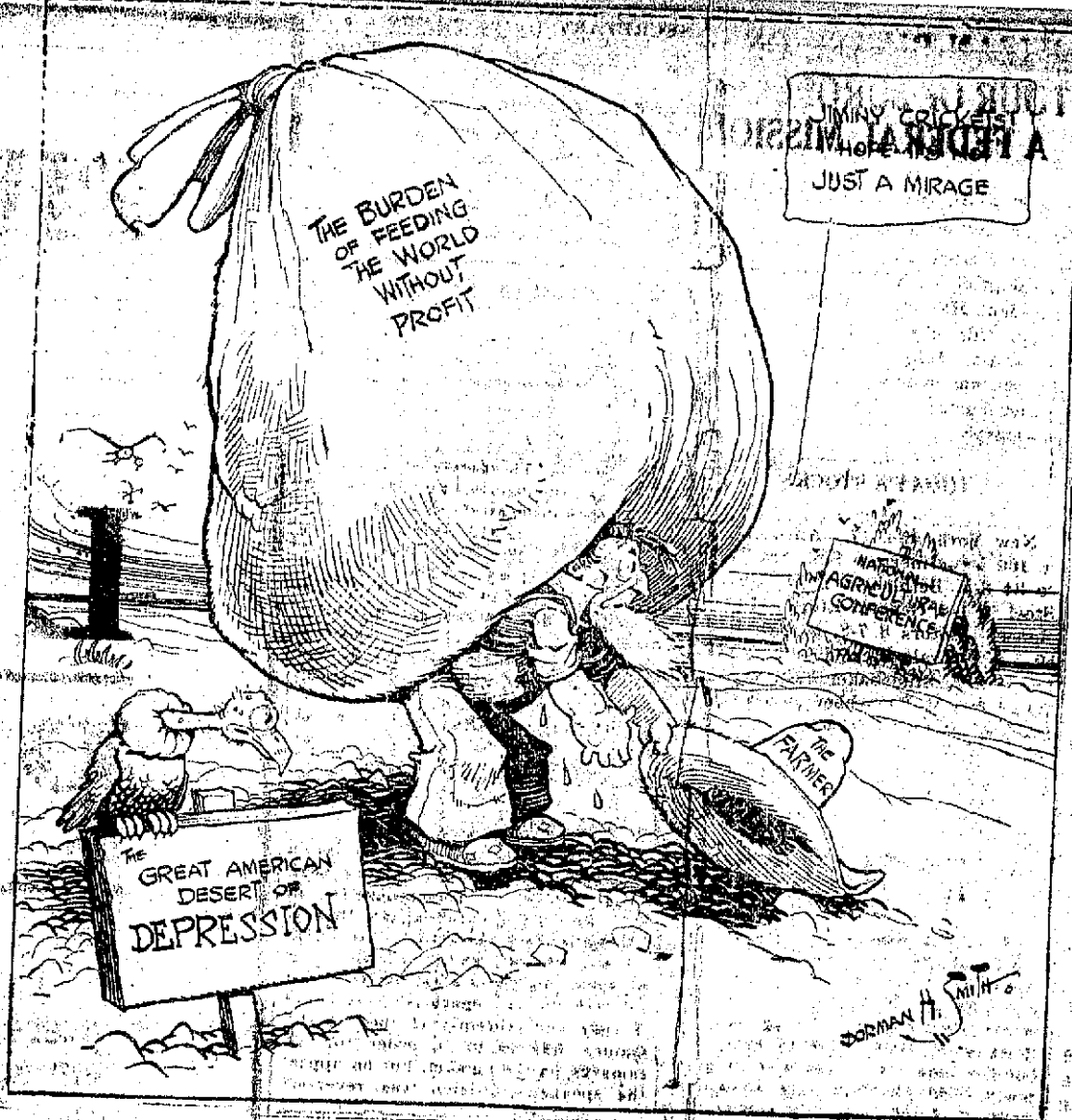
Old Sores, Piles, Burns and Scalds Heal Very Quickly

Your local druggist sells an ointment called San Cura that surely does anything it is advertised to do—money back.

Thos. F. McCutley, Cooperstown, N. Y., cut his finger, blood oozed out, arm swelled terribly. Friends despaired, said arm must come off. San Cura Ointment drew out water and lark pus; agony ceased; arm and hand soon as good as ever.

It quickly draws out poison from sores, fever sores, ulcers, boils, caruncles, cuts, burns, scalds and bruises.

For itching, bleeding or protruding piles, it has received the highest testimonials, while innumerable cases are recorded where eczema, tetter and salt rheum were cured in the shortest possible time. San Cura Ointment is \$25.00, and \$1.25 at all Drug Stores.



MERRITT F. LONG

Merritt Framton Long, well-known and highly respected resident of Lake Township, died at his home in Stanton, N. Y., December 30, 1921, of pneumonia, after an illness of nearly two weeks, aged 60 years and 11 days.

He was the son of Thomas and Rachel Long of Bloomington and was born Dec. 19, 1861. At the early age of fifteen he united with the Lutheran church at Bloomington and always remained loyal to his church and his God.

On June 18, 1885, he was married to Emma R. Baker, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Conrad Baker, late of Knox Township and has resided at Stanton since that time.

Merritt Long was one of the best teachers of Clearfield County, having taught for 42 successive years. He was engaged in teaching at Shawville when taken ill. He had survived several years as a school teacher in his home township, and was always interested in the uplift of the community.

He was a man of uprightness, but friendly manner toward all, and he was a man of little self-interest. He was a man of the most sympathetic nature and was a man of the most sympathetic nature.

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New Senator

by Rev. Houser of the Lutheran Church in Clearfield, Pa., by M. J. Porter, Editor of the Clearfield News.

In the death of Mr. Long the family loses a loving husband and brother, the community a good citizen, the schools an efficient teacher, and the children a real friend.

"The man dies, but his memory liveth."

by Rev. Houser of the Lutheran Church in Clearfield, Pa., by M. J. Porter, Editor of the Clearfield News.

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The AMERICAN LEGION

(Copy for this Department supplied by the American Legion News Service.)

"HOBOED" TO GET POINTERS
David McCall, Texas Veteran, Makes "Blind Baggage" Trip to Aid Ex-Service Men.

Jobless and penniless, hunched-back ex-service men in the West are riding the rails from place to place in search of employment. While others are doing this, David McCall, a Texas veteran, is doing it for a different purpose.

McCall, a young man, is a member of the American Legion and is on a "blind baggage" trip to aid ex-service men. He is a member of the American Legion and is on a "blind baggage" trip to aid ex-service men.

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GENOA CONFERENCE

WILL BE ENDORSED BY POINCARÉ GOVT.
Genoa Economic Conference, according to semi-official advices from the Quai d'Orsay today.

Poincaré, it was reported, will recommend the Conference to the Chamber of Deputies when he announces the policies of the new Government on Thursday and he also proposes to go to Genoa himself to attend the Conference.

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Robin Uses Lace Nest

When "our women folks" went to take in the wash they were surprised to find that some choice lace had been placed on the line was missing. Later they observed a robin sitting on the line with his gaze directed to a garment to which he soon flew and began to pick at it.

After a while the bird was seen to be pulling at the lace and in a few minutes it was seen to be pulling at the lace and in a few minutes it was seen to be pulling at the lace.

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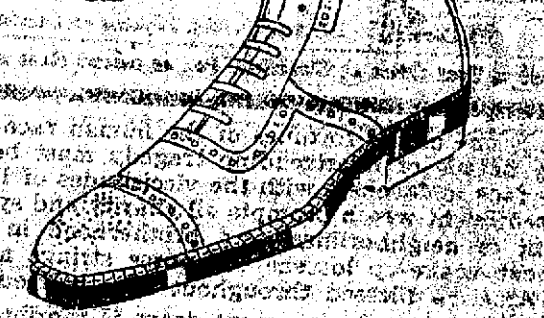
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SALE



MEN'S HIGH SHOES \$3.95

THE only place where the word "high" can be properly employed is in the description of the shoes.

THE price is the lowest we have quoted for years on high shoes as good as these.

BROWN'S BOOT SHOPS

2723 on South CLEARFIELD, PA. had a lot of shoes.



HOLD on a MINUTE!

MIRKIN'S OLD TIME

News of Our Neighbors

CURWENSVILLE

Mrs. Reed Bloom is confined to her home on Ridge Avenue with an attack of pneumonia.

Archie Dunsmore, Superintendent for the Potts Run Coal Co., transacted business in town yesterday.

George Heitzenrater, of DuBois, a former Curwensville resident called on friends and relatives here yesterday and made a trip to Grampian to visit his brother, Maryman Heitzenrater, who recently suffered a paralytic stroke.

Chas. Norris and James Holten called on friends in Clearfield last evening.

Frank Hancock, of Bailey Settlement, a well known farmer and school teacher of that vicinity was shopping in town last evening.

Mrs. Samuel Bailor of Chestnut Ridge is confined to her home with a severe attack of La Grippe. She is reported as somewhat reported at this time.

Lee Remaley, formerly a resident of Curwensville, but now holding a position with the Postal Telegraph Co., is visiting friends here.

No less than five sled loads of Clearfield youth, crowded our cafes and show last evening.

Enos Bloom, one of New Millports "old timers" is spending the winter with his grand daughter Mrs. Elmer S. Brhart.

Squire J. C. Bloom who has been confined to his home with sickness for some time is able to be around again.

A large and appreciative audience heard the famous humorist, Alton Sweeney at the Academy of Music last evening. This was the third of a series of entertainments that are being rendered under the auspices of the High School.

The stork visited the home of Mr. and Mrs. L. Williams on Ridge Avenue on Sunday night and left a "ten pound baby" for them.

The winning of souls for Christ in the Methodist Episcopal Church is growing rapidly. The Spirit of God is gripping the hearts of the members of the church who are earnestly endeavoring to bring salvation to the unsaved. In the brief period that these services have been in progress thirty persons have been converted. The sermons by Dr. Collins are full of the Spirit and convincing power and it is believed that these meetings will develop into a sweeping revival throughout the community.

Miss Mae Witherow, Red Cross Public Health Nurse of this community, will start her classes in Home Hygiene and the Care of the Sick. All who

KEEP LOOKING YOUNG

It's Easy—If You Know Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets

The secret of keeping young is to feel young—to do this you must watch your liver and bowels—there's no need of having a sallow complexion—darkening under your eyes—pimples—a bilious look in your face—dull eyes with no sparkle. Your doctor will tell you ninety per cent of all sickness comes from inactive bowels and liver.

Dr. Edwards, a well-known physician in Ohio, perfected a vegetable compound mixed with olive oil to act on the liver and bowels, which he gave to his patients for years.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets, the substitute for calomel, are gentle in their action yet always effective. They bring about that natural buoyancy which all should enjoy by toning up the liver and clearing the system of impurities.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets are known by their olive color. 15c and 30c.

THE LAW

In force since April, 1919, placing a tax on all spectacles and eye glasses having any gold in their make-up in frames or mountings.

HAS BEEN REPEALED

There is now no tax of any kind on glasses or spectacles.

C. C. ARNOLD

wish to take the course will please report promptly at 7:30 o'clock on Friday evening. Be prepared for sickness in your home by enrolling at once for this course.

BIGLER

Mrs. C. A. Walker was shopping in Clearfield on Saturday.

Miss Laura McCracken was called to her home in Grampian last week on account of the serious illness of her sister.

Mr. and Mrs. William Tavey and son are visiting relatives in Altoona.

A birthday party was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd on Thursday for their son. There were twenty seven guests present and everyone enjoyed themselves. Games and music was the order of the evening. At a late hour delicious refreshments were served.

Mrs. J. V. Knepp and daughter of Woodland spent a couple of days last week with her mother Mrs. Eva Williams.

Oscar Vernoy Dixon was laid to rest yesterday afternoon in the Bigler cemetery. He was the 15 months old child of Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Dixon and died last Friday of Bright's Disease.

Mr. and Mrs. Dixon have the sympathy of the community.

Miss Helen Hoover of Clearfield is visiting her friend Mrs. Edwin Gill.

There was quite an excitement here yesterday morning about 10:30 o'clock when it was discovered the preschool house was on fire. The alarm was sounded, but by the time the brick yard men got there, it was out. There was only a mattress and a few bed clothes destroyed. The fire is said to have started from overheated stove pipe running up through the bedroom.

It has been rumored around Bigler that we are to have a new State road running up through the main part of the town and it seems to be a certainty that we will get it this time as there were seven surveyors busy surveying and staking off the new road yesterday. A thing that will indeed be an improvement to the community.

The Original Fernie, Adam came walking up the path with his pet dinosaurs. "Hubby," said Eve, wistfully, "bring up that tree and get me the gold and purple lent on the top bough." "Eve, for heaven's sake, away up there? Why I'd fall and break my— Never mind that, Adam, you shilly, I'm going over to Nod to a card party this afternoon and I've got to show some class to that bunch of stuck-up buns." And so, setting the example for all time, Adam, took a chair and slumped up. —Richmond Times-Dispatch.

Opossum in New Zealand

Opossums, which were introduced into New Zealand from Australia many years ago, have increased until they have become a pest in the fruit-growing regions. Nevertheless, their value for fur outweighs any damage they do. It is therefore proposed to give them every chance to breed in the forested regions.

HITE'S JAZZY SEXTETTE

Altoona

Will Play At

Fairview Park

Wednesday, Jan. 18

Subscription \$1.75

Extra Ladies 20c

COLDS

of head or chest are more easily treated externally with

VICKS VAPORUB

17 Million Times Used Yearly

LIVE STOCK

CONTROL OF UNRULY HORSES

As Balkiness Is Largely a Nervous Disorder, Quietness and Kindness Are Essential.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)
Unruly horses, although a little more plentiful, will pull when once started. As balking seems to be largely a nervous trouble, quietness and kindness must be maintained at all times, says the United States Department of Agriculture. Before any persuasive treatment is tried, the bearing of the harness should be examined to determine if it is hurting the horse and thus causing the balking. If nothing is wrong, place a rope or strap around the knees of the horse and pull straight to the front, which will generally induce him to move a step at a time, and thus gradually resume his work. Where it is repeated several times this persuasive treatment is usually sufficient to get the horse to pull.

In case the horse is a confirmed balker, throw himself and refuses to get up, something out of the ordinary must be done to attract the animal's attention. The horse should be hitched with a good pulling animal and when down should be held in that position by having two men sit on his head and neck. Then take a bucket of water and pour a very small stream of the animal's nose, occasionally following a little to fall into the animal's nostril. The animal will struggle to rise, but he should be held down by about two men with the water trickling on the muzzle all the time. The horse should be prevented to get on his legs and if he goes down a second time, the treatment should be repeated. It is only rarely that a balky horse of this character will throw himself a third time where this treatment is followed.

If the animal still refuses to move forward, however, a loop should be dropped under the tail as a crupper, extending forward through the halter ring, and fastened to a good pulling horse. As the word is given, the horse should be started, the wagon being pulled by the mate of the balky horse and the balky horse being pulled by the horse at the end of the rope. As soon as the balky animal shows an



Scotland, an Excellent Specimen of the Morgan Breed.

Inclination to move by himself, the

KONDON'S CATARRHAL JELLY
Is guaranteed by 30 years service to millions of Americans. Kondon's works wonders for your cold, sneezing, cough, chronic catarrh, headache, sore nose, etc.
FREE 20 Treatment on receipt of your name and address.
KONDON
Minneapolis, Minn.

SQUARE DANCE

AT

IDORA PARK

Wednesday Evening

Jitney Service

To And From The Park

Dancing: 2 Sets 25c

THE OLD HOME TOWN

BY STANLEY



FRED ANDERSON SHOWED BILL PARSONS HOW HIS FAMOUS HUNTING DOG ATTACKED A SKUNK LAST NIGHT.

GRAIN FEED NOT ESSENTIAL

Sheep Will Do Well Where Leguminous Roughage and Corn Silage Are Available.

Grain feeding of sheep during the winter months is not absolutely essential where a leguminous roughage and good corn silage or roots are available; but the best results are obtained when a small amount of grain is fed regularly throughout the winter and increased just previous to lambing. Two parts whole oats and one part wheat bran, by measure, make a good mixture. If some grain is fed during the winter, less will be required near lambing time. Old ewes, especially, need plenty of good feed to bring about maximum results.

THE BOOK SALE STILL HOLDS THE INTEREST AND THE PRICE SELLS THE BOOKS

Since we were enabled to drop the price of the popular fiction to the present level, our book sales have jumped to a wonderful degree. It's no wonder when you stop and think that there is many a book that you've been waiting for the copyright to come off so that you could enjoy it without feeling you were extravagant.

We've books by all the popular writers of the time and some of their best works.

79c
Kurtz Stationery Store

GET YOUR PURITY INSTANT OAT MEAL AT

Ross & Woods

JANUARY CLEARANCE SALE GOING ON

ENTIRE STOCK OF

THE RELIABLE

MUST GO

COME ON AND GET YOUR BARGAINS WHILE THEY LAST

THE RELIABLE

11 North Third Street, Clearfield, Pa.

Nature's Supreme Wisdom

If it were not for the cheer that winter, interminable, vegetation would slumber until we had trooped jungles and flowers high in the branches of the forest, instead of violets and daisies and lady's-slipper orchids. As it is, this year's tender growths decay in the wet and cold of winter, furnish shelter to the seeds of grasses and small woodland plants, and so foster a new growth for the coming of spring. Even in decay there is a purpose; in nature always there is a new beginning.—Monte's Companion.

Thought for the Day

"One may be very happy if he has only industry, integrity, and intelligence; but he will not get very far in business unless he has also initiative."

Many Bug Varieties

We have in the United States a long list of insects, usually we have more than 100,000 different kinds of them, and they range in size all the way from little ones that it almost requires the use of a microscope to see, to such giants as the "Spotted Horn" beetle.—American Forestry Magazine.

Just Misplaced

"My most embarrassing moment," said a minister, "was when, as a young candidate for a church, I turned my words, I was recommending a small pamphlet, and suddenly I heard myself describe it as 'This book which I hold in my little hand.'"

Driggs Theatre

Second Showing To-night

BIG SPECIAL FEATURE
GEORGE FITZMAURICE PRODUCTION

"ON WITH THE DANCE"

WITH
MAE MURRAY AND DAVID POWELL

AND ALL-STAR CAST

Luxuriously spectacular! This is a story of New York City in all its glittering, gay, white way aspects. The story involves the eternal triangle with some new twists and is so spectacularly presented that it has proved one of the big pictures of the year.

ADDED ATTRACTIONS
GOOD COMEDY—SELECT NEWS—GOLDWYN-BRAY

PRICES: Main Floor 25c—Balcony 20c

LIBERTY THEATRE



And He Had Thought He Was Entertaining Her!

Honestly, if a girl really loved a man wouldn't you think she could keep awake while the rising young politician read his speech to her? Hamill wasn't really mad, but he did feel hurt that Judith showed so little interest in his career.

Could it be that she didn't love him? Oh, no, surely that couldn't be the explanation!

If you like clean wholesome comedy, see

MARY MILES MINTER

IN

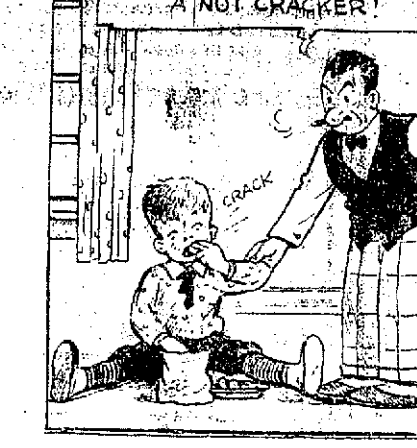
"MOONLIGHT AND HONEYSUCKLE"

Opens Two Day's Run Here

TONIGHT

DOINGS OF THE DUFFS

HEY, DANNY, DON'T CRACK THOSE NUTS WITH YOUR TEETH—WAIT, I'LL GET YOU A NUT CRACKER!



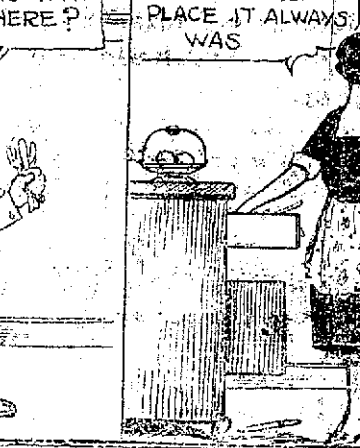
HELEN, OH HELEN

WHERE IS THAT NUT CRACKER THAT WAS IN HERE?



HERE, HELPLESS

IT WAS RIGHT IN THE SAME PLACE IT ALWAYS WAS



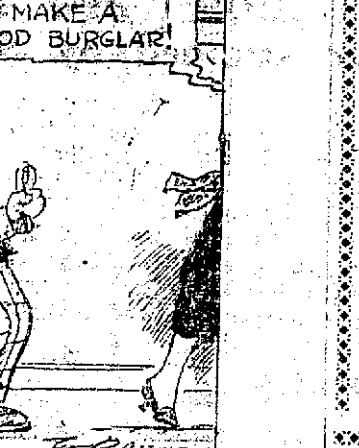
YOU'D HAVE TO BE A DETECTIVE

TO FIND ANYTHING AROUND THIS HOUSE



DETECTIVE P

WHY YOU WOULDN'T EVER MAKE A GOOD BURGLAR!



DAINTY SANDWICH LUNCHES

My, my, but folks are getting the habit of dropping in here for these dainty sandwich lunches we're serving. There's a wide variety of sandwiches with the filling changing from day to day. Then there's our good coffee and hot chocolate that will touch the spot.

VIRGINIA CHOCOLATE SHOP

All P. R. R. Trains Stop Here. Come in and Wait

EAT At JORDAN'S

FISH DAYS SPELL "GOOD EATS" DAYS

In lots of Clearfield homes "Fishday" means "good eats" day, simply because of the wide variety of fish that we're carrying all the time and then when we get the specials that we tell you about from time to time, the cats improve.

We'll have some specials for you for part of this week and you'll enjoy every kind that we have.

INVIGILANT
THORN BROS.

"IMAGINATION"

Most of us imagine that our eyes are 100% normal. Cold facts, however, prove to be jarring "eye-openers." Statistics show that fully 70% of us all have defective eyesight. Still we don't realize it and we wouldn't ordinarily until a serious defect developed. Precaution now may mean preservation of perfect vision indefinitely. Have your eyes examined. You may not need glasses. If you do, our all Shelltex Shur-ons not only give you complete comfort and long wear but look well, too.

John W. Cleary, O.D.

Optical Specialist.

Corner 3rd and Market St.

I REPAIR ANYTHING THAT'S FURNITURE

Repairing furniture is the main reason why this business exists and you'll find after you have had the first repair job done that there's a reason why I am working just as hard as I can work.

The jobs are all coming out in shipshape form and the folks are coming back for more.

Raymond Swales

Sixth Street, East End

YOUR COUGH LOOSEMED UP

If you've one of those coughs that rack you from your toes, try a bottle of San Tox Pine Balsam with Menthol. The pine balsam has been a healer since Grandmother's time and the Menthol will relieve the tickling.

Stewart's Drug Store

Bell 160 H. & C. 19X

OVER TEN THOUSAND CARS STOLEN IN 1921 IN PENNSYLVANIA

Harrisburg, Pa., Jan. 17.—10,475 automobiles were reported stolen in Pennsylvania during 1921, the State Highway Department announced today. Of this number only 2,004 were reported as having been recovered.

Germs walk on the other side of the street when passing a house cleaned with Blue Devil.

**PLAN TO COME
DOWN HERE AND
ENJOY OUR
CHICKEN
AND
FLANNEL CAKE
SUPPER
TOMORROW
EVENING
THE LEONARD
HOUSE**

HOT WATER BOTTLES FOR COLD FEET

If you're one of those folks afflicted with cold feet at night, come and get one of these hot water bottles. Take it to bed with you, filled with hot water and your cold feet will go.

Irwin's Drug Store

LIQUID CREAMS FOR WINTER CHAPS

This is the time when chapped hands and faces are beginning to claim their need of attention. We've a liquid cream that will soften the skin and leave it as it should be.

There's nothing injurious in it. It's a healing preparation all the way through.

Aughinbaugh's

Both Phones

KILL THAT COLD

Take a hot cupful of BULGARIAN BLOOD TEA. Increase the blood circulation, flush the kidneys, stimulate the liver, ward off flu, grippe and pneumonia. Sold by druggists and grocers everywhere.

SHE KNEW McCARTY'S

We had a letter from a friend of ours who spends the winter down in St. Petersburg, Fla., saying that she had met a lady, who, when at home resides in one of our nearby towns. This friend naturally inquired if she knew McCarty's. The lady replied, "Oh yes, I have eaten McCarty's Ice Cream—it is the best ever." Some flavor, eh, when it lasts a distance like that!

McCARTY'S

"The House of Quality"

Alter Defines Work Of Commission To Europe Battlefields

Harrisburg, Pa., Jan. 17.—The extent of the authority of the commission to investigate the battle fields of France and Belgium to select points for erecting monuments to commemorate the achievements of the Pennsylvania soldiers in the world war, was defined by Attorney General Alter. The major vocation of the commission, as defined by the attorney general, is to visit the battle fields and report to the legislature the cost of the proposed monuments and recommend their number and location. It will remain for another body to conduct the actual work of erecting the monuments.

CLASSES IN HOME CARE OF SICK WILL BEGIN THURSDAY

The first lessons in the class in Home Hygiene and Care of the Sick will be held on Thursday evening at seven thirty in the Murray Building at Red Cross headquarters. The public does not fully realize the value of this course of study as the women are very slow about taking it up, but should an epidemic come along then they would wish they had taken these classes. The object of this course is to give a little knowledge of sickness and general laws of health; to make possible earlier recognition of symptoms; to teach greater care in guarding against communicable disease and to demonstrate methods of caring for the sick, which, however simple, are essential to comfort, and sometimes to ultimate recovery.

A SWEET LITTLE BABY BOY

Makes a Bright Spot in Every Home. A Comfort in Years to Come

Park Rapids, Minnesota.—I have taken your medicine—Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound—when I was a girl for pains and before and after my marriage. I now have a sweet little baby boy and will send you his picture if you wish to publish it. My sisters also take your medicine and find it a great help. I recommend it to those who suffer before their babies are born. Mrs. Wm. Johnson, Box 155, Park Rapids, Minn.

To marry and arrive at middle age without children is a great disappointment to many women. Think of the joy and comfort other women have in their children as they grow older. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has helped to bring great happiness to many families by restoring women to health. Often the childless home is due to a run down condition of the wife, which may be helped by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It brought health and happiness into the home of Mrs. Johnson. Why not to yours?

SAM PUTCHI

Of New York City

Special Style

Painter-Decorator

WALL BOARD DECORATING AND FINISHING

Address 411 Bigler Ave.

ASK YOUR FAMILY DOCTOR ABOUT OUR MILK

He'll tell you that it's the greatest food that you could give the kiddies. And if you're one of those older folks who have trouble with your appetite and are slipping in weight he'll tell you that milk's the thing to build you up. He may modify it to meet your particular need, but milk will be the base from which he'll work.

If you've never seen the way we work things down here, you're welcome to drop in anytime and we'll explain the pasteurization process to you.

Clearfield Dairy Co.

Gossip For Tonight's Tea Table

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Miller and daughter of Clearfield were visiting friends in Clearfield over the week-end.

Mrs. Wesley McLaren, of Osceola spent Monday in Clearfield on business.

Miss Marion Rook is ill at her home on 3rd street.

Miss Dyer and Miss Karstetter of Clearfield, were shopping in Clearfield yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Otis Knepp, Miss Bratton, Miss Grace Boyce, Miss Barrett and Dr. and Mrs. Chase spent Sunday at Crystal Springs Camp.

Dr. Faulkner, of Kellytown spent Sunday in town with friends.

A. Mellott, who has been quite ill at his home on Spruce street is recovering nicely at present.

Rek Ammerman has accepted a position at the Harrison Walker Brick Works.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Smith spent Sunday in Punxsutawney with relatives.

Miss Freda Paterson and Jesse Mann drove out to Pete Brown's for Sunday dinner.

Miss Ohs has returned to Clearfield after spending a few days with her parents in Houtdale.

Mrs. Donald Miller of Clearfield, was a Clearfield visitor on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. John W. Sanders and daughter Pauline have returned to their home in Oakland, Md., after spending the past ten days with their daughter and sister, Mrs. E. Roy Hauser on Third street.

Miss Dorothy Wolfe visited friends in town Saturday.

Miss Lou Zella Lockard, of Houtdale spent Monday in Clearfield.

Mrs. Fred Bowers, of Woodland, spent the week end in Clearfield with her parents.

Miss E. May Withrow of Clearfield spent Monday in town on business.

Miss Ollie Ross has returned from spending several weeks at her home in Nantux-glo.

Her friends will be glad to know that Mrs. Joseph John who is a patient at the Hospital is better today.

P. W. Kayser, who has been in town on business this week is leaving today for Clymer.

C. W. Snyder, of New Millport, was a business visitor to Clearfield today.

Investing By Mail

HOW TO INVEST BY MAIL

Investing by mail is a simple matter as easily accomplished as in person.

For the guidance of the out-of-town investor, we have prepared a special booklet which explains everything pertaining to the purchase of stocks and bonds by mail.

This book is of the utmost importance to you since it also tells how securities may be purchased on credit terms.

Write today for booklet No. 38, 115 Erie of Charge.

F. D. KINALLY AND CO.

INVESTMENT SECURITIES

460 Pearl St., New York

Cor. Wall and Pearl Streets

ADDRESS JOB WORK SATISFIES

OUR January Clearance now swings into the second week full of Vim and Vigor

WOOL DRESS GOODS, COATINGS AND SILKS

ONE BIG TABLE FULL OF SILK AND DRESS GOODS REMNANTS AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES

56 inch wide All Wool Coatings, such as, Polo Cloth, Silvertones and Velours reduced.
\$2.75 Wool Coatings for, yard \$1.69
\$4.50 and \$4.75 Wool Coatings for, yard \$2.95
\$5.75 Wool Coatings for, yard \$3.95
All Wool Skirting Materials, 54 inches wide, in plaids, checks and stripes at lower prices.
\$2.95 Wool Skirtings at \$2.25
\$3.50 and \$3.95 Wool Skirtings at \$2.95
\$4.50 Wool Skirtings at \$3.50
\$5.95 Wool Skirtings at \$3.95
One lot of Linings, 36 inches wide, regular 15c to 35c values to close out at, yard 10c

ROOM SIZE RUGS AT BIG SAVINGS

\$22.50 Axminster Rugs, size 6x9 feet, at \$18.50
\$33.75 Axminster Rugs, size 9x12 feet at \$27.50
\$45.00 Axminster Rugs, size 9x12 feet at \$35.00
\$47.50 Axminster Rugs, size 9x12 feet at \$37.50
\$45.00 Grass Matting Rugs, size 6x9 feet, at \$2.50
\$8.95 Fiber Rugs, size 46x76 inches, at \$6.50
\$12.75 Fiber Rugs, size 6x9 feet, at \$9.50
\$14.50 Fiber and Wool Rugs, size 9x12 feet, at \$11.75
\$19.75 Fiber and Wool Rugs, size 9x12 feet, at \$16.50
All \$3.50 Small Axminster Rugs, size 27x54 inches to close out at \$2.50

CURTAINS AND CURTAIN MATERIALS AT CLEARANCE SALE PRICES

Your choice of our entire stock of Lace, Voile and Marquisette Curtains at less than one-half price.
10 PER CENT REDUCTION ON OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF CURTAIN MATERIALS

This includes Voile and Marquisette Curtain materials in white and ecru. Some plain, others in bordered designs and lace edges. Also colored Sun-fast drapery materials in gold, green, rose and blue.

LIGHT AND DARK OUTINGS AT 14c YD.

These are Mill-end remnants and are worth 19c yard. 27 inches wide, January Sale price, yard 14c

Odd lot of fine Imported Gingham in pretty plain patterns that were regular values up to \$1.00, to close out at, yard 39c
45c and 59c Windsor Crepe in plain and figured, 30 inches wide, January Clearance Sale price, yard 25c

WOOL AND COTTON BLANKETS AND COMFORTS AT SAVINGS

\$1.75 Single Bed size Cotton Blankets at \$1.45
\$2.50 Double Bed size Cotton Blankets at \$1.95
\$4.50 and \$4.95 Double Bed size wool nap Blankets in plain and plaids at \$3.95
\$6.50 All Wool Blankets reduced to \$4.95
\$9.75 All Wool Blankets reduced to \$7.95
\$12.50 All Wool Blankets reduced to \$10.50
COMFORTS
\$2.75 Comforts reduced to \$2.25
\$3.50 Comforts reduced to \$2.95
\$4.25 Comforts reduced to \$3.25

TURKISH BATH RUGS REDUCED

\$2.50 values reduced to \$1.75
\$4.50 and \$4.75 values reduced to \$2.95
\$1.75 Turkish Bath Towel Sets, consisting of 2 towels and one wash cloth, sale price \$1.00

**A. W. Leonardson
Company
CLEARFIELD
PENN'A**

"IF THERE WAS NO GOD" IS TITLE OF VERY ABLE SERMON

Declaring that the human race would retrograde to the level of animal intelligence and have no more love and sympathy than the brute, and citing instances of animal acts by people who had not been told the old, old story, if there was no God, Dr. Reeve on Sunday night preached the initial sermon of a series which will grow in popularity as they are given. The speaker would not admit that there were people who honestly believed that there was no God, declaring that the image of God is stamped on all men's hearts, even the savage, blindly worshipping his conception of a Superman. He drew a clear distinction between what would be the unbeliever and what is the scorner or the one who puts his own will between his heart and God.

A graphic word picture was drawn of conditions in the world as they would logically be were it not for the omnipresence of the Divine Spirit and those who heard him on Sunday evening are anxiously waiting for next Sunday when the second of the series will be given. Next Sunday's sermon will be on an altogether different angle.

To Mend Enamel.

Take equal parts of fine coal dust, fine salt and putty. Knead well together and pack into the hole firmly. Put water into the mended article and stand on a warm stove for an hour. Wipe carefully and leave for a day before using. The mixture will form a cement as hard as the enamel, says a correspondent.

To Clean Leather.

White of egg is splendid for restoring leather chairs when they begin to look shabby. Remove all dust and dirt from the chairs, then scrub with a cloth dipped in the white of egg, which should first have been well beaten. When dry, rub well with soft, clean cloths, and the leather will look almost like new.

COURT NOTES

Judge Bell refused a new trial in the case of John S. Davidson against the Pennsylvania Railroad in an opinion handed down this morning. This case grew out of the grade crossing accident at Baldy City a couple of years ago in which the Davidson car was struck and badly wrecked. The car was occupied by several Boardman men going home from a wrestling match and one of the party was killed.

The case was tried Dec. 12, 1921, Messrs. James A. Gleason and John C. Arnold appearing for Davidson, while O'Laughlin, Fenerty and Kelley represented the railroad company. After hearing the testimony Judge Bell gave binding instructions to the jury to return a verdict for the defendant, which was done, whereupon motion for a new trial was made which is now refused.

The temporary injunction granted March 21, 1921, in the case of J. E. Morris, et al vs. the A. R. Van Tassel Tanning Co., was made permanent on application of the plaintiffs in an opinion filed by Judge Bell this morning.

Pentz & Pentz, representing George Patchel & Co., of DuBois, entered suit in Prothonotary Ralston's office this morning against D. W. Walker and E. C. Ake, trading as the Allied Mining Companies, for \$698.44 said to be due the plaintiff for a couple of cars of Anthracite coal purchased and never delivered.

Old Court Has Much Power. In Liverpool (Eng.) there still exists one of the very few remaining medieval borough courts of record. At one time there were 115 in various parts of the kingdom. The Liverpool court of passage, as it is called, has practically unlimited jurisdiction in cases of action arising within the city, and has more power than has the City of London court which has jurisdiction only when the defendant is employed in the city itself.

IS IT WORTH 6c TO SAVE YOUR HAIR?

The cost per treatment of BARE-TO-HAIR is about six cents for women and much less for men. If you're one of those folks whose hair is falling out or has fallen out, it is certainly worth the price of a bottle to have the falling stopped or new hair replace the fallen.

JOSEPH LEHMAN, Distributor

H. & C. 48R. White Cross Barber Shop.